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செயலாற்றுகை அறிக்கை
PERFORMANCE REPORT
2025

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இறக்குமதி மற்றும் ஏற்றுமதிக் கட்டுப்பாட்டுத் திணைக்களம்
DEPARTMENT OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS CONTROL

මුදල්, ක්‍රමසම්පාදන සහ ආර්ථික සංවර්ධන අමාත්‍යාංශය
நிதி, திட்டமிடல் மற்றும் பொருளாதார அபிவிருத்தி அமைச்சு
MINISTRY OF FINANCE, PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

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Department of Imports and Exports Control

Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development

Message from the Controller General

It gives me great pleasure, as the Controller General of the Department of Imports and Exports Control, established under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act No. 1 of 1969 and functioning under the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development, to issue this message on the occasion of publishing the Department's Performance Report for the year 2025.

In line with the provisions of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, several new initiatives were introduced during 2025 to guide the Department towards its mission of regulating the import and export process to achieve a sustainably developed nation while safeguarding national security, economic stability, public health and environmental conservation. Among these initiatives, a significant milestone was the establishment of the necessary legal framework for the systematic reopening of vehicle imports, which had remained suspended for several years. This was accomplished through an Extraordinary Gazette issued under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act at the beginning of 2025, ensuring that the process is managed and regulated in a systematic manner without imposing an undue burden on the national economy.

To facilitate the implementation of this initiative, ten Extraordinary Gazettes were issued as timely regulatory measures under the guidance and supervision of the Secretary to the Ministry and with the approval of the Hon. Minister of Finance, Planning and Economic Development. Throughout 2025, despite the various economic, social and international trade challenges faced by the country, the Department of Imports and Exports Control remained firmly committed to carrying out its responsibilities efficiently, responsibly and effectively.

In addition, strengthening inter-agency cooperation in the regulation of imports and exports remained another key area of focus. Through close coordination with relevant Ministries, regulatory authorities and other stakeholders, the Department made a meaningful contribution towards the implementation of national trade policies and the fulfilment of international obligations. This collaborative approach also enhanced the country's credibility in relation to international trade agreements and strategic trade control requirements.

Furthermore, during this period, the Department successfully introduced various development initiatives aimed at enhancing transparency, efficiency and service quality. Among these reforms, the full implementation and strengthening of the Stratlink Electronic Licensing System was of particular significance. By utilising modern Information and Communication Technology (ICT) to fully digitalise import and export service delivery processes, the Department successfully transitioned from traditional paper-based procedures to a completely paperless service environment.

Through the electronic licensing system, service recipients are no longer required to visit the Department in person. Instead, they are able to submit applications, upload supporting documents, monitor application status and obtain the necessary approvals entirely through the online platform. This transformation has resulted in considerable savings in time, cost and effort for service recipients while significantly improving accessibility, convenience and overall service delivery.

Moreover, the electronic licensing system has strengthened data exchange and coordination among relevant government institutions, thereby making decision-making processes more efficient and reliable. Through these digital reforms, the Department of Imports and Exports Control has successfully elevated public service delivery to a higher standard characterised by enhanced efficiency, transparency and accountability.

Human resource development and the enhancement of the professional competencies of our staff remained another important area of focus. Various training programmes, awareness workshops and experience-sharing initiatives were conducted to strengthen the capabilities of officers. These efforts have enabled the Department to improve service quality and respond to emerging challenges with greater responsibility and accountability.

I believe that the progress, challenges and experiences presented in this Annual Report will serve as a valuable guide for the Department as it moves forward as a stronger, more progressive and future-oriented institution. We remain committed to fulfilling our mandate responsibly while giving due consideration to national priorities, public trust and government policies.

Further, the guidance and direction provided by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development during this period were invaluable to the achievements of the Department. I also wish to place on record my sincere appreciation to the Central Bank of Sri Lanka, Sri Lanka Customs, the commercial banking sector and all other Ministries, Departments, Institutions, State Corporations, Statutory Boards and private-sector stakeholders who are directly associated with the functions of this Department and who contribute to the licensing process through their recommendations and cooperation.

I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all officers of the Department for the dedication, commitment and professionalism they have demonstrated throughout this period. It is through their continuous support and unwavering efforts that the Department of Imports and Exports Control has been able to successfully fulfil its mandate.

Within the legal framework of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act No. 1 of 1969, and in line with the Government's economic policies, we remain committed to steering the Department of Imports and Exports Control in a manner that meets the expectations of our predominantly private-sector clientele. Together, with steadfast determination and a shared commitment, we shall continue our efforts to provide a more efficient, effective and productive service in the years ahead.

T.T. Upulmalee Premathilaka
Controller General of Imports and Exports

Content

1 Chapter I – Department Profile / Summary of Implementation

1.1 Introduction

The Imports and Exports Control Department, established under the Import and Export (Control) Act, No. 1 of 1969, has progressively evolved to facilitate international trade, adopting a more structured and systematic approach in alignment with global trade practices.

Accordingly, guided by insights, proposals, and observations from the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development, the Central Bank of Sri Lanka, and other key stakeholders, the Department has expanded beyond its conventional responsibilities. Through a strategic approach, it has exercised its authority under the Act to regulate import and payment terms effectively.

Notably, in response to the positive trend of easing economic pressures, the Department played a pivotal role in the final quarter of 2025 by lifting all temporary import restrictions, with the exception of motor vehicles.

In safeguarding national security, environmental protection, public health, and economic stability, the Imports and Exports Control Department takes all necessary measures to exercise its regulatory powers effectively and efficiently. This ensures that service recipients are satisfied with both the quantitative and qualitative aspects of imported and exported goods. As part of this process, import controls were implemented in accordance with international environmental conventions, including the Basel and Montreal agreements.

Further, by establishing standards for imported goods, provisions were enforced to safeguard public health, making Sri Lanka Standards mandatory for 164 imported products. Additionally, steps have been taken to formulate new regulations for the implementation of United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540.

After many years, the import license issuance policy framework was set in motion for an update, with most policies being modernized to align with current circumstances and to enable service recipients to expedite the import process within the legal framework.

In pursuit of its vision and mission, and with the primary objective of promoting sustainable development and global cooperation, the Department established the STRATLINK Electronic Licensing System, which has been operational since January 01, 2025 to provide efficient and effective services to service recipients

Advancing the Department's vision and mission, and with the primary objective of fostering sustainable global cooperation, the STRATLINK electronic licensing system was established to enhance efficiency and productivity in delivering services to service recipients

1.2 Departmental Vision, Mission, and Objectives

1.2.1 Vision

Regulation of Imports and Exports towards a Sustainably Developed Country.

1.2.2 Mission

Implementation of policy decisions taken from time to time by the Government regarding the security of the country, economy, public health, environmental protection, imports and exports control of goods, in accordance with the Imports and Exports Control Act No.1 of 1969.

1.2.3 Objectives

To regulate imports and exports in line with the policy decisions taken by the Government from time to time to ensure the security of the country, uplift the economy and protect public health and the environment.

1.3 Responsibilities and Tasks of the Department

i. Issuing Gazette Extraordinary Notifications which include regulations pertaining to Imports and Exports control.

ii. Issuing operational guidelines to Commercial Banks, Sri Lanka Customs, and other relevant authorities regarding Imports and Exports control.

iii. Issuing internal circulars pertaining to regulations issued on Imports and Exports Control.

iv. Issuing licenses for the benefit of the country's economy subject to Imports and Exports (control) regulations.

v. Issuing Debit Notes after importation of items subject to License Control.

vi. Imposing additional charges on importers who violate Imports and Exports (control) regulations or license conditions.

vii. Coordinate with relevant government agencies on the development of a strategic trade management system and a method of issuing standardized import and export control licensing system.

viii. Facilitating the implementation of recommendations of the World Trade Organization to promote local and foreign trade

ix. Working together with the Ministry of Environment to adhere to international Conventions such as Basel Convention, Montreal Convention etc.

x. Regulate and Publication of payment terms applicable to international commercial transactions.

xi. Providing necessary assistance / instructions to the Director-General of Customs in the case of any issues arising in relation to the Imports and Exports Control Regulations.

xii. Implementation of training programs for develop capability, competence and productivity of Departmental staff and maintaining employee welfare.

xiii. Collection of relevant government fees and crediting them to Consolidated Fund.

1.4 Organizational Structure and Chart

The Controller General of Imports and Exports is the head of the Department of Import and Export Control under the Ministry of Finance, Economic Stabilization and National Policy.

In order to regulate the affairs of the entire import and export control sector including the imposition of laws, regulations and issuance of import control licenses under the Import and Export Control Act No. 1 of 1969, this Department is implemented with the following divisions and units.

i. Administration Division
ii. Accounts Division
iii. Research and Policy Division
iv. Internal Audit Division
v. License Issuing Divisions

- Unit 1 - Pharmaceuticals and Medical Equipment
- Unit 2 – Used Vehicles and Vehicle Parts
- Unit 3 – Import and Export of Chemicals, Fertilizers, Pesticides and Industrial Raw Materials, and Exports
- Unit 4 – Mobile Phones, Communication Equipment, and Other
- Unit 5 - Animals, Animal Products and Miscealeniuos Imports

Vi. Information Techology Division
VII. Legal Division

To ensure the efficient and effective execution of its functions, the actual staff of the Department of Import and Export Control remains dedicated to serving clients under the following Organizational Structure.

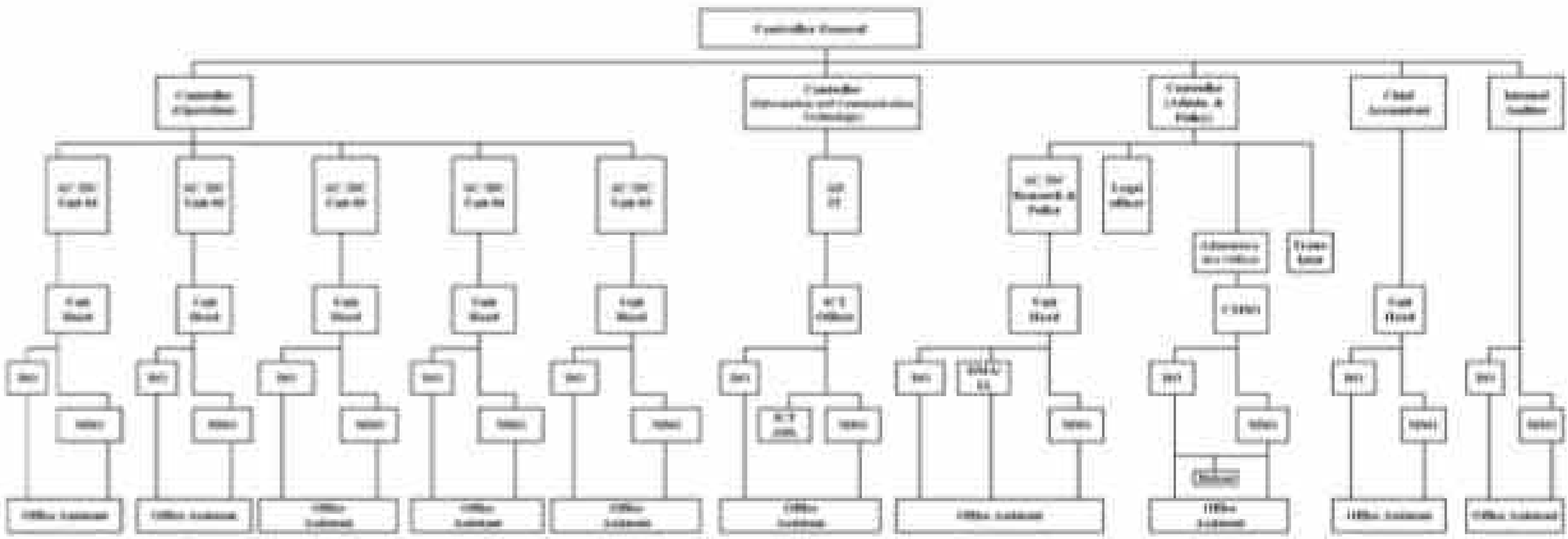
As of December 31, 2025, the approved cadre stands at 122. Although there are 18 vacancies spanning from senior to primary levels, the existing staff has worked tirelessly throughout 2025 to provide an optimal service to all service gainers.

The staff information registry is presented below:

Staff Information as of 31.12.2025

Position	Service / Grade				Approved Staff	Current Staff	Vacancies
Senior Level							
Controller General of Imports and Exports	SLAS	Special	SL 3	Executive	01	01	00
Imports and Exports Controller	SLAS	I	SL 1	Executive	02	02	00
Imports and Exports Controller (Information &Technology)	All Island Service	I	SL 1	Executive	01	01	00
Deputy/Assistant Controller	SLAS	II/III	SL 1	Executive	06	05	01
Chief Accountant	SLACS	I	SL 1	Executive	01	01	00
Chief Internal Auditor	SLACS	I	SL 1	Executive	01	01	00
Legal Officer	Dept.	II/III	SL 1	Executive	01	00	01
Assistant Director (Information &Technology)	SLITS	III	SL 1	Executive	01	01	00
					14	**12**	**02**
Tertiary level							
Administration Officer	M.S.O.	Supra	MN 7	Tertiary	01	01	00
Translator	T.S.	I/II	MN 6	Tertiary	02	01	00
Information Technology Officer	SLITS	II	MN 6	Tertiary	01	01	00
					04	**03**	**01**
Secondary level							
Information Technology Assistant	SLITS	III	MT 1	Secondary	03	03	00
Data Management Assistant	Dept.		MN 4	Secondary	01	01	00
Investigation Assistant	Dept.		MN 4	Secondary	01	01	00
Development Officer	D.O.S	I/II/III	MN 4	Secondary	23	20	03
Management Service Officer	M.S.O.	I/II/III	MN 2	Secondary	56	49	07
					84	**74**	**10**
Primary Level							
Driver	Driver Service	I/II/III	PL 3	Primary	05	02	03
Office Employment Assistant	Office Employees' Service	I/II/III	PL 1	Primary	15	13	02
					20	**15**	**05**
Total					**122**	**104**	**18**

Organization Chart



DC	- Deputy Controller	CMSO	- Chief Management Service Officer
AC	- Assistant Controller	DMA	- Data Management Assistant
AD IT	- Assistant Director - Information Technology	IA	- Investigation Assistant
ICT Officer	- Information and Communication Technology Officer	DO	- Development Officer
ICT ASS	- Information and Communication Technology Assistant	MSO	- Management Service Officer

Chapter 2 – Progress and Outlook

2.1 Policy directives related to Regulation of Import and Export of goods

A key development regarding imports in 2025 was the decision to lift the temporary suspension on the importation of motor vehicles and other non-motorized items classified under 304 Harmonized System (HS) codes subject to specific regulatory restrictions. This measure was implemented in consultation with the Central Bank of Sri Lanka,.

Following the lifting of restrictions on vehicle imports, the Department continuously supported the Ministry of Finance, Planning, and Economic Development, as well as the Central Bank of Sri Lanka, throughout 2025. This was achieved by providing daily reports on the total value and volume of Letters of Credit (LCs) opened by commercial banks, enabling close monitoring of the impact on national foreign exchange reserves.

Additionally, to ensure food security for the general public, the necessary regulations were issued in 2025 to formally and legally implement government policy decisions relating to the importation of consumer goods.

Furthermore, in response to the intermittent adverse weather conditions experienced throughout 2025, particularly the disaster situation caused by Cyclone Ditwah, regulations were published to ensure the uninterrupted supply of essential commodities. Measures were also taken to facilitate the expedited customs clearance of foreign aid and donations received for disaster relief purposes.

2.1.1 Issuance of New Regulations under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, No. 1 of 1969

Serial No	Gazette Extraordinary No	Date	Description
1	2421/04	27. 01. 2025	Lifting of the temporary import suspension on commercial and good transport vehicles."
2	2421/44	31. 01. 2025	Removal of the temporary suspension on the importation of motor vehicles for personal use (such as cars, vans, and SUVs) and the imposing of Import Control License (ICL) requirements for motor vehicles exceeding the maximum age limits.
3	2428/07	19.03.2025	Appointment of Bureau Veritas as an authorized inspector for issuing Export Inspection Certificates for used motor vehicles from all countries, and the authorization of licensed banks to accept inspection certificates without the bank seal of the exporting country as required under

			Regulation No. 05 of Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17 dated April 03, 2013 subject to online verification.
4	2434/12	29.04. 2025	The review of the list of items for which the issuance of Import Control Licenses was suspended under Gazette Extraordinary No. 2312/77 dated January 01, 2023, the removal of selected items from said list, and the removal of electric motor cycles unregistered in any country (brand new) from Import Control License (ICL) requirements.
5	2435/02	05.05. 2025	Inclusion of the National Subdivisions of the Harmonized System (HS) Codes published for electric vehicles under Gazette Extraordinary No. 2434/02 dated April 28, 2025, into the Import and Export (Control) Regulations applicable to the importation of motor vehicles.
6	2437/04	19. 05. 2025	The removal of the Import Control License (ICL) requirement for the importation of raw non-iodized salt and edible iodized salt (powdered and crystal salt) classified under HS Code 2501.00, effective until June 10, 2025.
7	2449/60	15. 08. 2025	Extension of the validity period of the Import and Export (Control) Regulations No. 07 of 2024, published in the Gazette Extraordinary No. 2384/34 dated May 17, 2024, until September 30, 2025.
8	2458/43	15. 10. 2025	The removal of the Import Control License (ICL) requirement for the importation of GR 11/Ponni Samba rice, which is equivalent to Keeri Samba rice, classified under HS Code 1006.30.29, effective until October 28, 2025.
9	2459/46	24. 10. 2025	"Authorizing the release of motor vehicles currently held by Sri Lanka Customs due to non-compliance with Regulation No. 05 of the Import and Export (Control) Regulations No. 02 of 2013 published (Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17, in accordance with the terms of settlement proposed by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development to the Attorney General's Department to conclude the associated litigation."

10	2465/07	01.12.2025	Providing conditional waivers on Import and Export (Control) Regulations for the customs clearance of goods donated by various foreign donors to those affected by the emergency disaster situation caused by Cyclone Ditvah, and authorizing the importation of unregistered (brand-new) ambulances lacking airbags, provided they are received as donations or grants for the direct use of the 1990 Suwa Seriya Foundation

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2421/04 - 27. 01. 2025

The importation of vehicles categorized under selected Harmonized System (HS) Codes was temporarily suspended by the regulations published in Gazette Extraordinary No. 2176/19 dated May 22, 2020. This temporary suspension continued to remain in effect for 304 HS Codes under the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 02 of 2023, as published in Gazette Extraordinary No. 2312/78 dated January 01, 2023. Based on the Cabinet Memorandum No. 24/1945/604/208 dated September 12, 2024, approval was granted by the Cabinet decision dated September 13, 2024, to lift the temporary suspension imposed on the importation of motor vehicles categorized under the aforementioned 304 Harmonized System (HS) Codes in three phases.

Accordingly, under the second phase of the implementation, the Import and Export (Control) Regulations No. 01 of 2025 were published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2421/04 dated January 27, 2025, to lift the temporary suspension on the importation of vehicles used for commercial or goods transport purposes.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2421/44 –31. 01. 2025

As the third phase of lifting the temporary suspension on motor vehicle imports, the Import and Export (Control) Regulations No. 02 of 2025 were published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2421/44 dated January 31, 2025. These regulations rescinding Gazette Extraordinary No. 2415/35 of December 18, 2024, and No. 2421/04 of January 27, 2025) remove the temporary suspension on motor vehicles classified under the 304 Harmonized System (HS) Codes, including cars and vans for personal use. Furthermore, these regulations bring motor vehicles exceeding the maximum age limits, three-wheelers with two-stroke engines, and used bicycles under suspended Import Control Licensing.

Gazette Extraordinary No 2428/07 - 19. 03. 2025.

Regulations requiring an Export Inspection Certificate from an authorized agency operating within the exporting country, intended to verify technical and manufacturing specifications due to administrative and standard compliance requirements, were first introduced via Gazette Extraordinary No. 1454/30 dated July 21, 2006; these regulations continue to be implemented under the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 02 of 2013, as published in Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17 dated April 03, 2013.

However, upon observing that the aforementioned Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17, dated April 03, 2013, does not explicitly state that Bureau Veritas is authorized to issue Export Inspection Certificates for vehicles imported from Japan, it was identified that regulations must be formulated to legalize the issuance of Export Inspection Certificates by the said institution for vehicles imported from Japan.

Furthermore, while regulations published in Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17 dated April 03, 2013, mandate that documents pertaining to the exported motor vehicle must bear the official seals of both the local bank opening the Letter of Credit (LC) and the correspondent bank in the exporting country, compliance has been hindered in certain instances where correspondent banks release documents to local banks without placing their official seals. Accordingly, taking into account the enhanced accessibility of data through online systems and the capability for electronic information verification, the necessity was identified to amend the said regulation regarding the requirement for the correspondent bank's official seal on the Export Inspection Certificate and the detailed condition report of the vehicle including the accessories list to facilitate a more contemporary and practical process.

Pursuant to the decisions reached at a meeting convened on March 14, 2025, presided over by the Secretary to the Treasury, the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 03 of 2025 were promulgated via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2428/07 dated March19, 2025 to amend the prevailing regulatory framework in line with the aforementioned objectives.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2434/12 –29. 04. 2025.

With the objective of easing the increased pressure on foreign reserves and financial markets caused by the unforeseen economic conditions following the COVID-19 pandemic, the issuance of Import Control Licenses (ICL) for selected items under import license control was suspended until further notice as a measure to restrict the importation of selected goods.

As the temporary suspension on the importation of goods, including motor vehicles, has been fully lifted by February 01, 2025, attention was directed toward reviewing the list of suspended licensed items in consideration of current requirements.

Accordingly, during at meeting held on April 07, 2025, officials from the Department of Trade and Investment Policy, Sri Lanka Customs, and the Department of Imports and Exports Control reviewed the list of items for which the issuance of Import Control Licenses (ICL) had been suspended. Based on current requirements, it was decided that the suspension on issuing Import Control Licenses (ICL) for the following items should be lifted.

i. used clothing categorized under HS Code 6309.00.90 since the Cabinet decision dated January 27, 2025 (Decision No. 25/0070/826/001) has granted permission to import used clothing in a phased manner,

ii. Vehicle spare parts required for the motor vehicle assembly industry and vehicle repairs (classified under HS Codes 8408.20.10, 8408.90.10, 8707.10.50, 8707.10.90, 8707.90.90, and 8714.10.10) taking into account the individual requests submitted.

iii. Casino gaming equipment conductive for the promotionos Tourism and gaming equipment located in facilities providing tourist amenities (classified under HS Codes 9504.30.10, 9504.30.90, and 9504.90.10) taking into account the requests submitted by investors registered with the Board of Investment (BOI) and obtained licensed under the Casino Business (Regulation) Act, No. 17 of 2010.

Furthermore, taking into consideration the total lifting of the temporary suspension on motor vehicle imports via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2421/44 dated January 31, 2025, it was decided that the Import Control License (ICL) requirement previously imposed on the importation of electric motorcycles unregistered in any country which were permitted under ICL during the 2022 fuel crisis shall be removed. Accordingly, permission is granted for the importation of such motorcycles subject to the provisions set forth in the aforementioned Gazette No. 2421/44 dated January 31, 2025.

Accordingly, the Regulations No. 04 of 2025 were published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2434/12 dated April 29, 2025, to give effect to the aforementioned decisions.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2435/02 - 05.05. 2025.

As approved by the Cabinet Decision dated April 21, 2025, pertaining to the Cabinet Memorandum dated April 07, 2025 (Reference No. අමප /25/0663/804/078), the Imports and Exports (control) Regulations No. 05 of 2025 were promulgaded under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, No. 1 of 1969 and published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2435/02 dated May 05, 2025. These regulations were established to incorporate the National Sub-divisions of the Harmonized System (HS) Codes for electric vehicles, as declared under the Revenue Protection Orders in Gazette Extraordinary No. 2434/02 dated April 28, 2025, into the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations applicable to the importation of motor vehicles.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2437/04 - 19. 05. 2025.

By virtue of the Special Import License Regulations No. 01 of 2023, promulgated via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2312/77 dated January 01, 2023, the importation of salt classified under the Harmonized System (HS) Code 2501.00 has been brought under Import Control License (ICL) surveillance.

Taking into account the limited availability of salt in the local market, and as authorized by the Cabinet Decision dated May 15, 2025, pertaining to the Cabinet Memorandum No. 25/0797/817/021 dated May 15, 2025, titled 'Importation of raw non-iodized salt and edible iodized salt (powdered and granular salt) for industrial and household purposes submitted by the Minister of Trade, Commerce, Food Security, and Cooperative Development, the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 06 of 2025 were promulgated via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2437/04 dated May 19, 2025. These regulations grant permission for the importation of raw non-iodized salt and edible iodized salt (powdered and granular salt) classified under HS Code 2501.00 without the requirement of an Import Control License, effective until June 10, 2025.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2449/60 - 15. 08. 2025.

Pursuant to the Cabinet Decision dated April 01, 2024, regarding the Cabinet Memorandum No. 24/0644/615/003-I dated April 01, 2024, titled providing of essential transport facilities for rapid development in the tourism sector' submitted by the former Minister of Tourism and Lands, the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 07 of 2024 were promulgated via Extraordinary Gazette Extraordinary No. 2384/34 dated May 17, 2024. These regulations granted permission for the importation of 1,000 Brand new motor vehicles, including 250 mini-coaches and buses, and 750 vans (specifically 6-15 seater vans with sliding doors, excluding SUVs and cars), solely for the direct use of tourist transportation under a 'Vehicle Import License' issued by the Secretary to the Ministry in charge of the subject of Tourism. These regulations remained in force until June 30, 2025.

In the meantime, the Cabinet of Ministers, through its decision dated August 04, 2025, regarding the Cabinet Memorandum No. 25/1339/807/016-I dated July 24, 2025, submitted by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Foreign Employment, and Tourism, granted approval to extend the validity period of the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 07 of 2024 for a further three (03) months from July 01, 2025, to September 30, 2025. This approval was granted subject to the conditions specified in the observations of the Minister of Finance, Planning, and Economic Development. Accordingly, to give effect to the said Cabinet Decision, the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 07 of 2025 were promulgated via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2449/60 dated August 15, 2025.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2458/43 - 15. 10. 2025.

In accordance with the Special Import License Regulations No. 01 of 2023, promulgated via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2312/77 dated January 01, 2023, the issuance of Import Control Licenses for the importation of rice classified under Harmonized System (HS) Codes 1006.30.19 and 1006.30.29 has been suspended until further notice.

Pursuant to the Cabinet Decision dated October 13, 2025, regarding the Joint Cabinet Memorandum No. 25/1942/817/013-XV dated October 10, 2025, titled 'Ensuring an adequate supply of rice varieties observed to be in short supply in the market' submitted by the Minister of

Agriculture, Livestock, Land and Irrigation, and the Minister of Trade, Commerce, Food Security and Cooperative Development, permission was granted for the importation of 'GR 11/Ponni Samba' rice variety which is equivalent to Keeri Samba rice classified under HS Code 1006.30.29 without the requirement of an Import Control License.

In accordance with the said Cabinet decision, Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 08 of 2025 were published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2458/43 dated October 15, 2025, to remove the Import Control License (ICL) requirement for the importation of GR 11/Ponni Samba rice varieties, which are equivalent to Keeri Samba rice classified under the Harmonized System Code 1006.30.29, subject to the conditions that the maximum quantity of rice an importer can import shall be 520 metric tons, the Shipped-on board date of the Bill of Lading shall be between October 15, 2025, and October 28, 2025, and the consignments shall be cleared from Sri Lanka Customs on or before November 15, 2025.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2459/46 - 24. 10. 2025.

Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 09 of 2025 were published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2459/46 dated October 24, 2025, to grant permission for the release of motor vehicles from Sri Lanka Customs which had been imported non compliance with the Regulation No. 5 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 02 of 2013, published in the Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17 dated April 03, 2013, specifying the conditions to be fulfilled when importing used motor vehicles; this release is authorized under specific conditions as agreed before the Court, following the settlement terms submitted by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development to the Attorney General's Department and subsequent discussions held with relevant parties regarding the ongoing legal proceedings related to the motor vehicles detained by Sri Lanka Customs.

Gazette Extraordinary No. 2465/07 –01. 12. 2025.

Meetings held at the Presidential Secretariat on November 29, 2025, and November 30, 2025, with the participation of relevant stakeholders, discussed the arrangements necessary for the expedited clearance, distribution, tax exemptions, and obtain through a simplified process of goods provided by various foreign donors for those affected by the emergency disaster situation caused by Cyclone Ditva. Accordingly, it was decided that, in accordance with the guidelines published by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Foreign Employment and Tourism, conditional exemptions from Import and Export (Control) Regulations (such as obtaining Import Control Licenses and Standardization Verifications) should be granted for goods received in the name of the Disaster Management Centre or any Government Institution, under the approval of the Secretary to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Foreign Employment and Tourism.

Meanwhile, attention was drawn to the requirement for ambulances in the face of this emergency disaster situation during a meeting held on December 01, 2025, at the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development, chaired by the Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development. Accordingly, the Ministry of Finance, Planning and

Economic Development decided to publish regulations to acquire 150 unregistered (brand new) ambulances without airbags, which were authorized by the Cabinet decision dated July 09, 2024, pertaining to the memorandum dated June 18, 2024, numbered 24/1261/610/048 submitted by the then Minister of Health under the title obtainig ambulancesfor the 1990 Suwa Seriya Foundation as free grants to the 1990, to be obtained at this time as donations or grants for the direct use of the 1990 Suwa Seriya Foundation.

Accordingly, to give effect to those decisions, the Imports and Exports (Control) Regulations No. 10 of 2025 were published via Gazette Extraordinary No. 2465/07 dated December 01, 2025.

2.1.2 Issuance of Operational Instructions and Internal Circulars

It is highly important to inform Sri Lanka Customs, commercial banks, and departmental officers regarding the regulations included in the Gazette notifications published by the Department during the year. Therefore, whenever a Gazette is published, issuing operational instructions and internal circulars for the awareness of the relevant parties is a main responsibility of the Department. Accordingly, the Department has taken steps to issue 09 operational instructions and 19 internal circulars during the year 2025.

2.2. Issuance of Import and Export Control Licenses

As an organization that regulates import and export activities, a main function of this Department is the issuance of licenses for items subject to import and export controls. Accordingly, five units have been established within this Department to carry out this task systematically and efficiently while providing a quality service to clients, and the issuance of licenses is conducted through these units.

The information regarding the import and export control licenses issued by each unit during the year 2025 is as follows:

2.2.1. Unit 01 - Pharmaceuticals and Medical Equipment

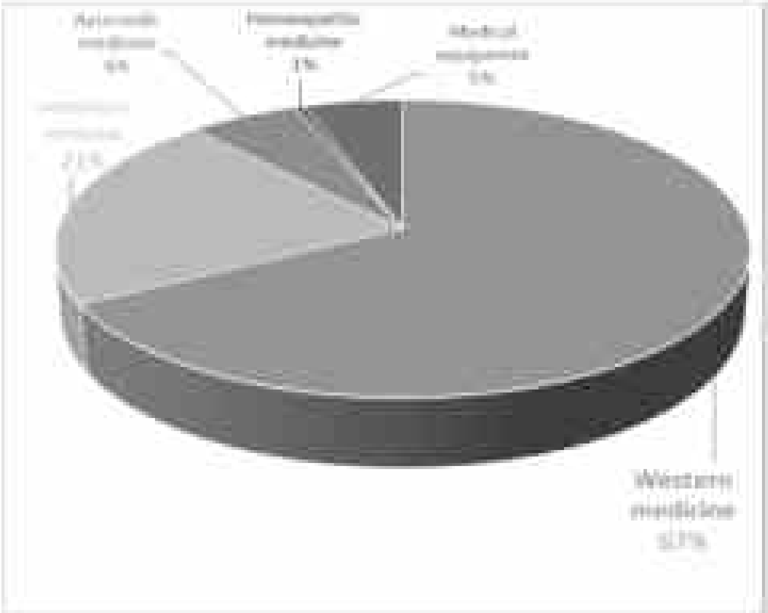
Pharmaceuticals and Medical Equipment have classified under five categories for the purpose of issuing licenses, and the number of licenses issued under each category in the year 2025 is as follows.

No.	Description	Category	No. of Licenses
01	Western medicine	1000	1,359
02	Veterinary medicine	1010	436
03	Ayurvedic medicine	1020	120
04	Homeopathic medicine	1030	10
05	Medical equipment	1100	106
Total			**2,031**

Licenses issued for Pharmaceuticals and Medical Equipment

In accordance with Section 109 of the National Medicines Regulatory Authority Act No. 05 of 2015, and under the approval granted by the National Medicines Regulatory Authority, this unit identified several precautionary measures to be taken prior to issuing import licenses for pharmaceuticals and medical devices, furthermore, the unit identified special conditions to be included in these import licenses. A study was conducted on the bulk import licenses obtained for the year 2025, and based on those findings, the review and preparation of the relevant issuance conditions were carried out.

The total number of licenses issued in the year 2025 has shown a certain increase compared to the year 2024. A quantitative monthly increase is observed in the number of import and export licenses issued in 2025 relative to the previous year; due to the introduction of a new computer system to our institution, importers limited the number of items imported under a single license with the expectation of obtaining licenses more quickly, resulting in the issuance of a higher volume of import licenses. Additionally, the importation of a larger quantity of pharmaceuticals alongside the expansion of the economy has also contributed to this increase.

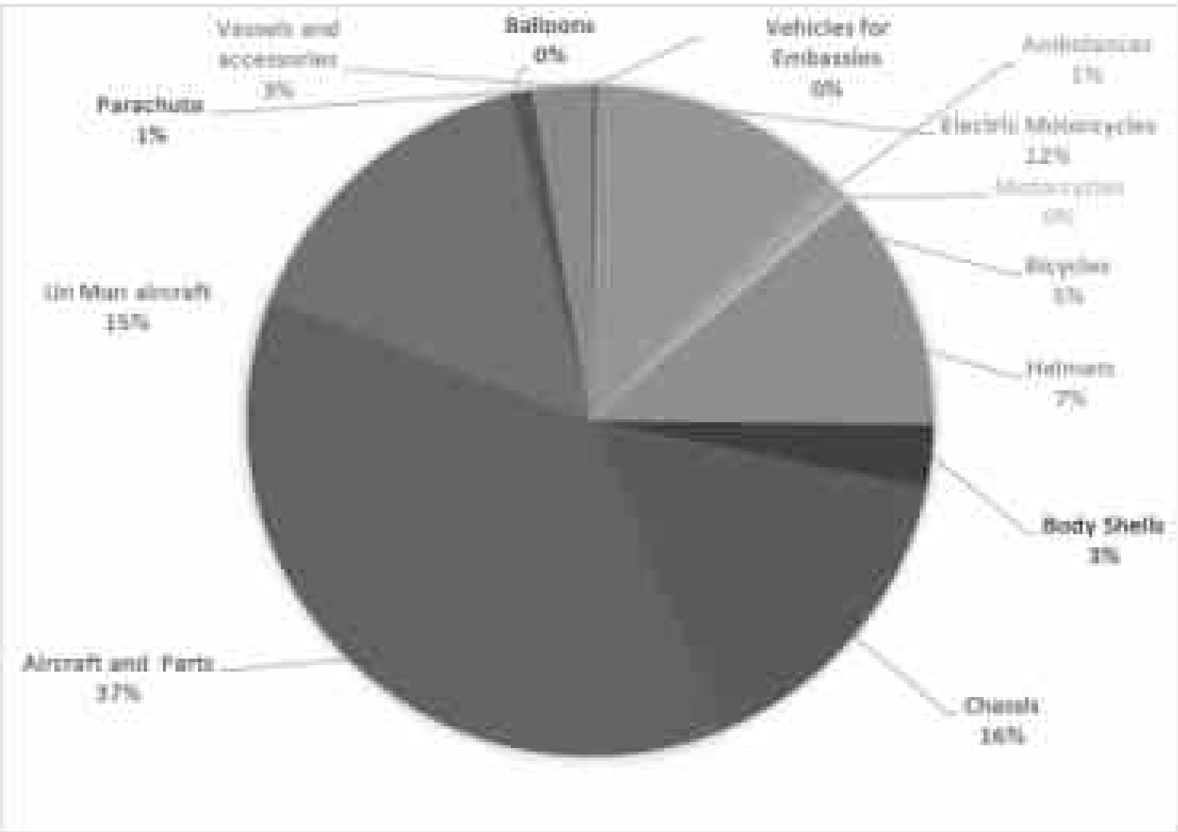


2.2.2 Unit 2 – Used Vehicles and Auto Parts

This unit issues licenses for used vehicles and auto parts and the following licenses have been issued in relation to the year 2025

	Description	Category	No. of Licenses
1	Vehicles for Embassies	2030	**01**
2	Electric Motorcycles	2210	**35**
3	Ambulances	2130	**03**
4	Motorcycles	2200	**01**
5	Bicycle	2220	13
6	Helmet	2240	21
7	Body Shells	2320	**09**
8	Chassis	2350	46
9	Aircraft and Parts	2400	**109**
10	Un Man aircraft	2410	45
11	Balloons	2420	**01**
12	Parachutes	2430	**02**
13	Vessels and accessories	2500	**08**
Total			294

Licenses Issued for Used Motor Vehicles and Vehicle Spare Parts

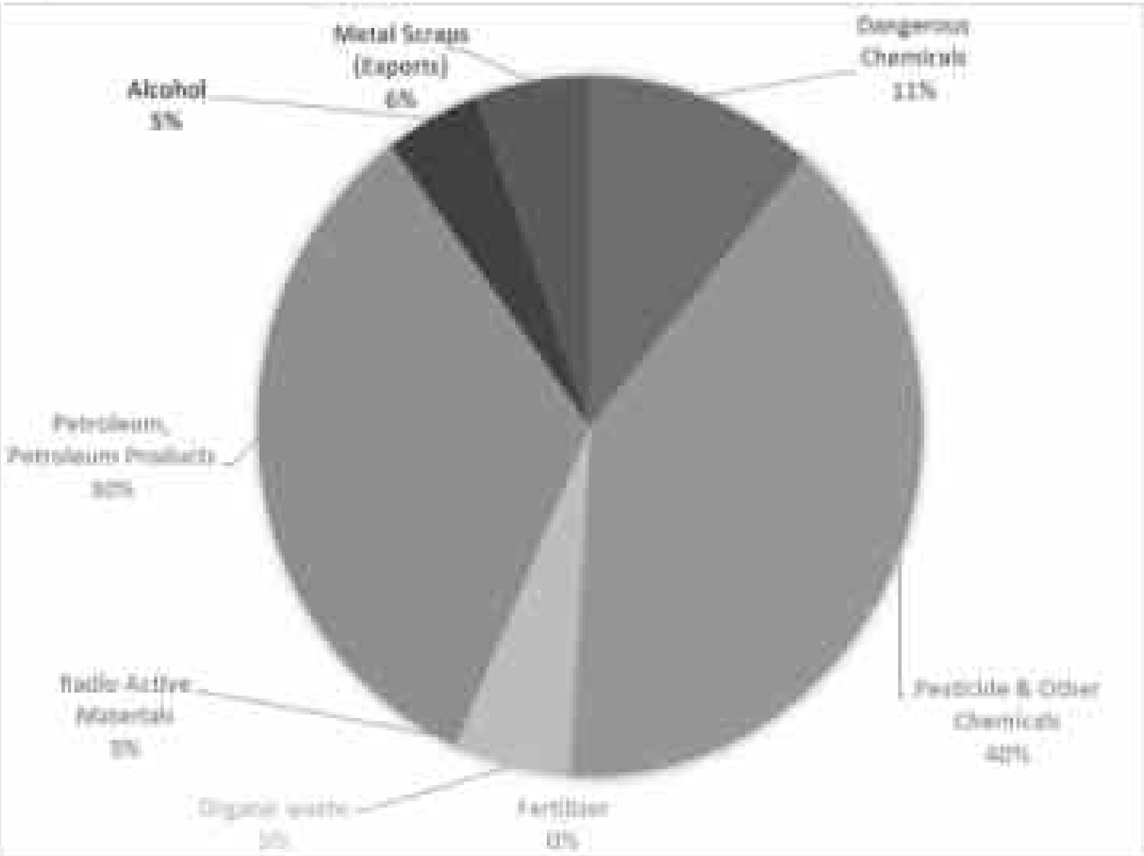


2.2.3 Unit 3 – Import and Export of Chemicals, Fertilizers, Pesticides and Industrial Raw Materials

Details of licenses issued during the year 2025 for chemicals, fertilizers, pesticides and industrial raw materials imported into Sri Lanka and export items are as follows.

	Description	Category	No. of Licenses
01	Dangerous Chemicals	3000	466
02	Pesticide & Other Chemicals	3010	1665
03	Fertilizer	3020	11
04	Organic waste	3030	233
05	Radio Active Materials	3040	108
06	Petroleum, Petroleum Products	3100	1282
07	Alcohol	3200	193
08	Metal Scraps (Exports)	3400	235
09	Metal, Scraps (Imports)	3500	30
Total			**4223**

Licenses issued for import of chemicals, fertilizers, pesticides and industrial raw materials and exports

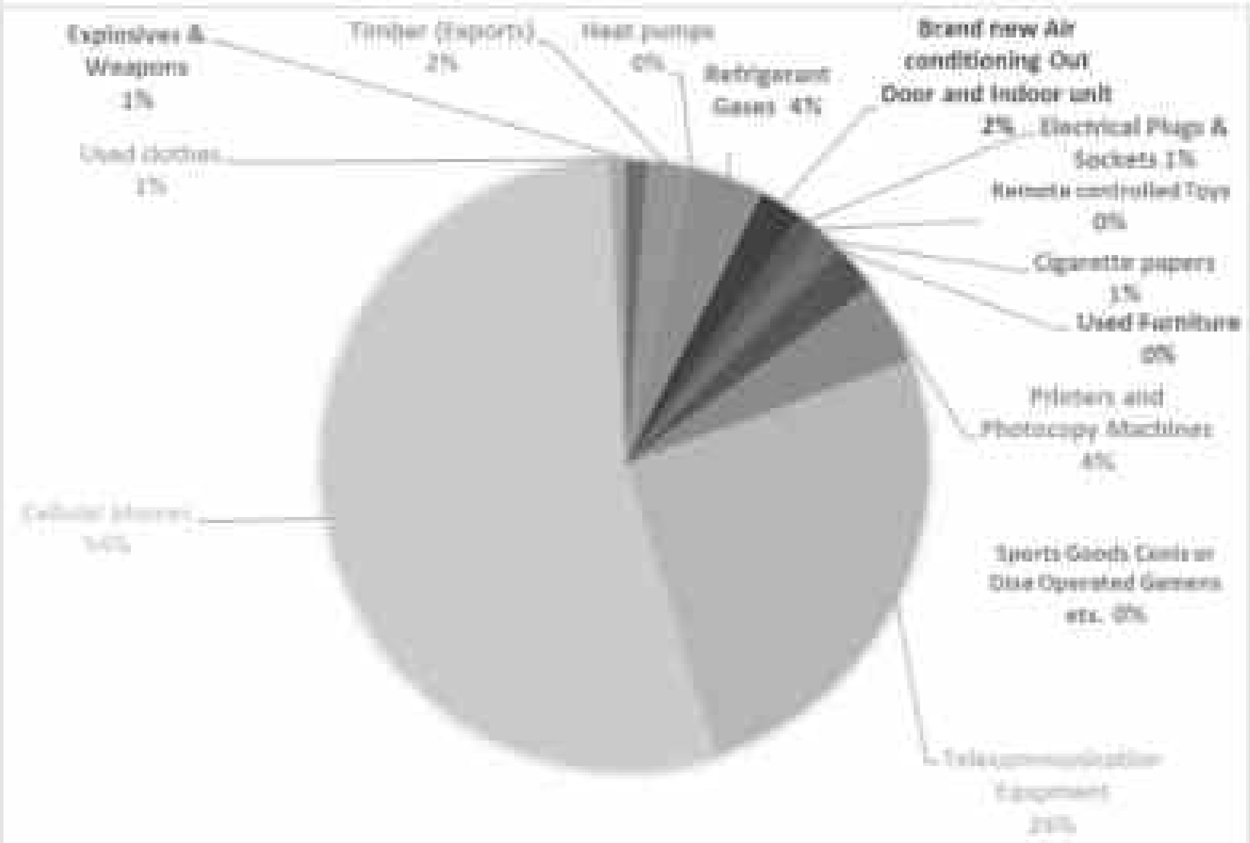


2.2.4 Unit 4 – Mobile Phones, Communication Equipment and Other

The following import control licenses have been issued for mobile phones and communication equipment and other imports and exports in 2025.

	Description	Category	No. of Licenses
01	Explosives & Weapons	4000	53
02	Timber (Exports)	4010	99
03	Used Computers	4040	03
04	Used Refrigerators , Freezers and Air Conditioners	4050	01
05	Heat pumps	4060	09
06	Refrigerant Gases	4080	181
07	Brand new Air conditioning Out Door and Indoor unit	4090	106
08	Electrical Plugs & Sockets	4100	45
09	Remote controlled Toys	4110	20
10	Cigarette papers	4120	63
11	Used Furniture	4130	01
12	Saws	4140	113
13	Printers and Photocopy Machines	4150	202
14	Sports Goods Conis or Disc Operated Gamens ets.	4170	09
15	Telecommunication Equipment	4200	1182
16	Cellular phones	4300	2498
17	Used clothes	4400	40
	Total		**4625**

Licenses issued for Mobile Phones, Communication Equipment and Other



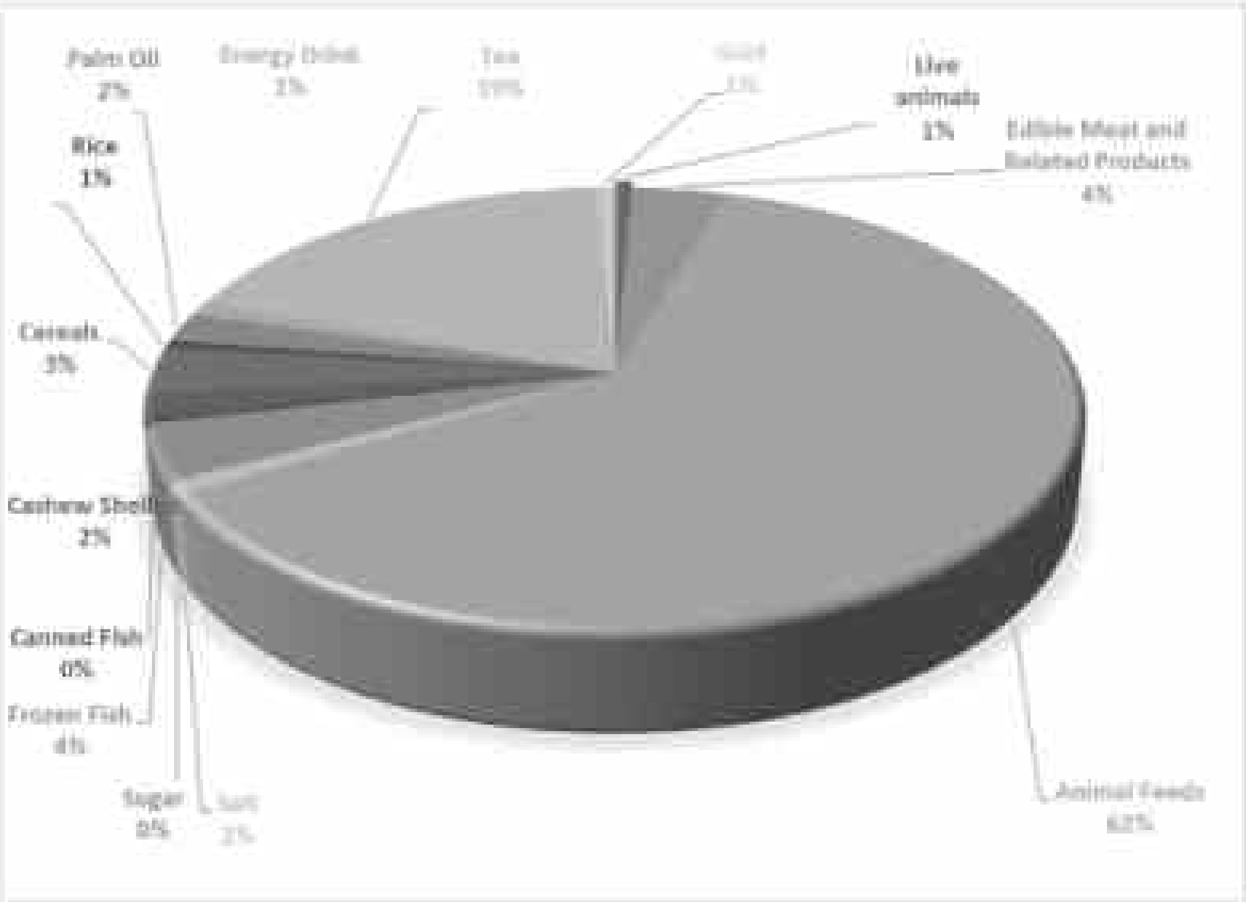
2.2.5 Unit 5- Animals, Animal Products and Miscealeninos Imports

Licenses have been issued for Animals, Animal Products and other imports as follows.

	Description	Category	No. of Licenses
01	Live animals	5000	28
02	Edible Meat and Related Products	5010	154
03	Animal Feeds	5020	2475
04	Salt	5100	40
05	Sugar	5110	13
06	Frozen Fish	5200	149
07	Fish Bait	5210	04
08	Canned Fish	5220	12
09	Cashew Shelled	5300	70
10	Cereals	5310	135
11	Rice	5320	21
12	Rice in Husk	5330	01
13	Palm Oil	5340	86

14	Energy Drink	5400	39
15	Tea	5410	748
16	Gold	5500	30
Total			**4005**

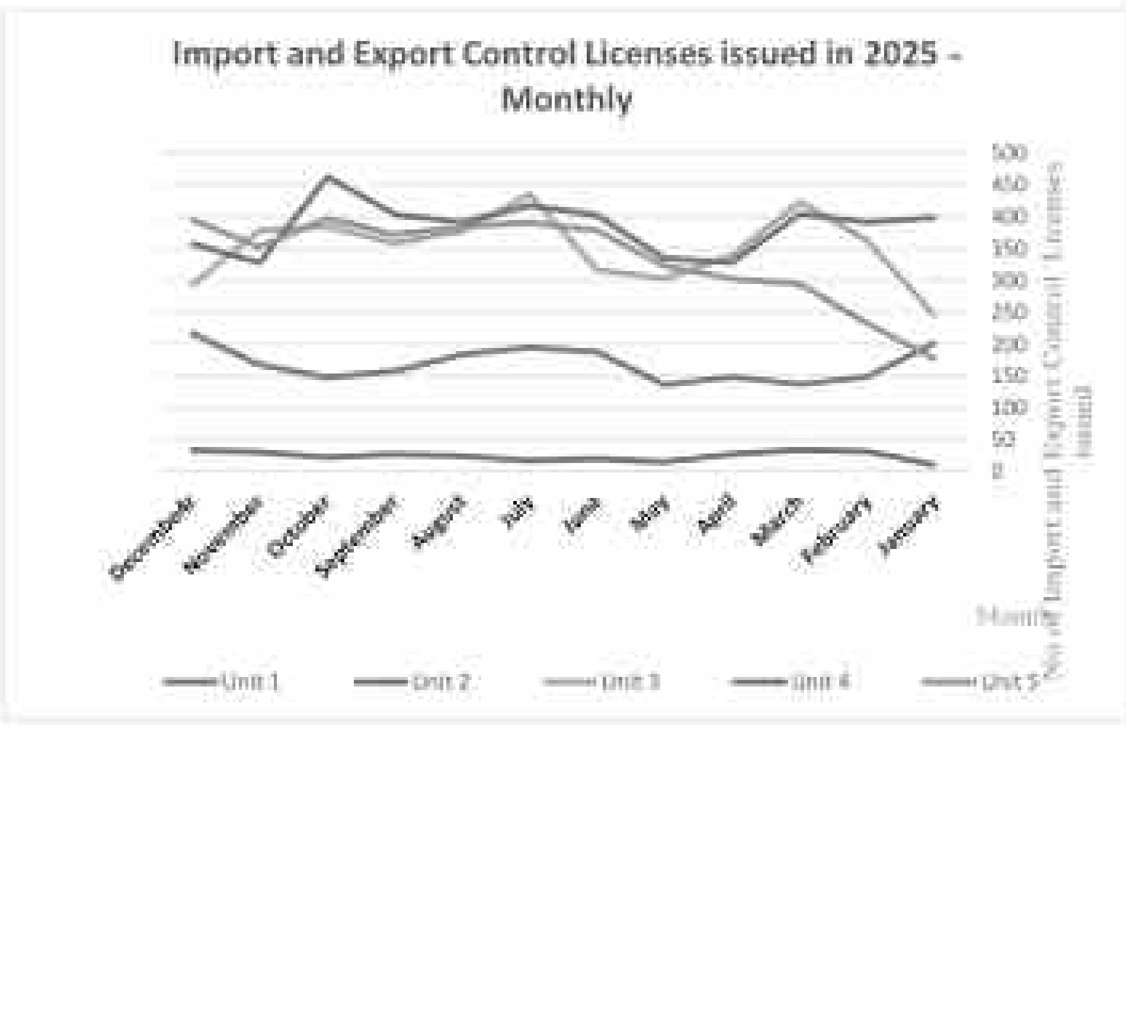
Licenses issued for animals, animal products and miscealenious imports



2.2.6 No. of Licenses issued in 2025 (Monthly)

Month	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Total
January	202	10	246	399	177	**1034**
February	149	32	363	392	233	**1169**
March	137	35	424	405	295	**1296**
April	149	27	340	328	303	**1147**
May	136	15	303	335	323	**1112**

June	188	20	317	403	379	**1307**
July	195	17	436	418	391	**1457**
August	184	24	378	392	385	**1363**
September	158	27	359	404	372	**1320**
October	148	22	385	463	398	**1416**
November	168	31	379	328	353	**1259**
December	217	34	293	358	396	**1298**
Total	**2031**	**294**	**4223**	**4625**	**4005**	**15178**



2.2.7 Import Export Control Licences issued During Last 4 years

	Item	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Unit 01	Pharmaceuticals	2,255	1,832	1,945	1,583	2031
Unit 02	Vehicles and Auto Parts	284	647	385	640	294
Unit 03	Chemicals, Fertilizers, Pesticides, Industrial raw materials imports, and exports	4,313	3,653	4,256	4,881	4223
Unit 04	Mobile phones, Communication Equipment and other	8,982	4,231	5,218	6,136	4625
Unit 05	Animals, Animal products and other exports	3,742	3,443	3,282	3,770	4005
Total		**19,576**	**13,806**	**15,086**	**170,10**	**15,178**

2.3 Data review of Import and Export Licenses issued in 3 years

2.3.1 Pharmaceuticals & Medical Equipment - Unit 1

	Description	Year		
		2023	2024	2025
01	Western medicine	1365	914	1,359
02	Veterinary medicine	309	404	436
03	Ayurvedic medicine	179	175	120
04	Homeopathic medicine	14	10	10
05	Medical equipment	78	80	106
Total		**1945**	**1583**	**2031**

Due to the increase in market liquidity and the continuous strengthening of the exchange rate, the issuance of new licenses in the year 2025 has shown an approximate increase compared to the year 2024. However, with the exception of categories such as veterinary medicines, medical devices, western pharmaceuticals, and homeopathic medicines, a declining trend is observed in the number of licenses issued for ayurvedic medicines.

Compared to the year 2022, the number of new licenses issued in the year 2023 has increased; Although new licenses issued in 2024 show a slight downward trend before appearing to normalize with a resurgence in 2025.

The volume of licenses issued in 2025 (2,031) represents a precentage increase of approximately 28% compared to the volume issued in 2024 (1,583). This growth is attributed to economic shifts as well as the efficient and delay-free issuance of licenses through the newly introduced online system (Stratlink) in 2025.

Overall, it appears that due to the easing of various import control conditions and the growth in foreign reserves, pharmaceutical companies have once again been incentivized to meet the country's medicinal requirements without shortages.

2.3.2 Used Vehicles and Auto Parts - Unit 2

	Description	Year		
		2023	2024	2025
01	Vehicles for Embassies	-	-	01
02	Donations for foreign service agencies	02	06	-
03	Donations for social service agencies	07	09	-
04	Special purpose vehicles	-	01	-
05	Motor Trailor (Used)	02	-	-
06	Used tractors for the agriculture sector	02	01	-
07	Airplane and Parts	96	187	109
08	Engine	03	02	-
09	Machines and accessories	05	02	-
10	Body shell	25	38	09
11	Used Motor Bicycles	01	02	01
12	Electric Motor Cycles	138	154	35
13	Bicycles	18	13	13
14	Helmet	21	30	21
15	Chassis	59	168	46
16	Seats (Used vehicle seats)	03	03	-
17	Used Clothes	03	24	-
18	Ambulances	-	-	03
19	Un Man aircraft	-	-	45
20	Balloons	-	-	01
21	Paruchutes	-	-	02
22	Vessels and accessories	-	-	08
Total		**385**	**640**	**294**

Since the requirement to obtain import licenses for electric motorcycles by this Department was removed pursuant to the Extraordinary Gazette Notification No. 2434/12 dated April 29, 2025, the number of licenses issued during the first 04 months of the year 2025 is indicated as 35. Accordingly, a decrease of approximately 77% is observed in the number of licenses issued for electric motorcycles in the year 2025 compared to the year 2024. Furthermore, with permission granted from the beginning of the year 2025 to import vehicles that do not exceed 03 years from their date of manufacture without license control, a decrease of approximately 76% is observed in the number of import licenses obtained for locally assembled vehicles (body shells) compared to the year 2024.

Due to importers being instructed from the year 2025 onwards to apply for a single license against multiple proforma invoices for imports carried out under Category No. 2350 (Locally Assembled Motorcycles), a decrease of approximately 73% is observed in the number of licenses issued under that category during the year 2025 compared to the year 2024. However, despite the observed 73% reduction in the number of relevant licenses, it is further noted that the quantity of motorcycles imported under this category has increased by approximately 12%.

Furthermore, as arrangements have been made to obtain recommendations from external institutions for the issuance of import and export control licenses solely through an online system, it is observed that the capacity to streamline and execute the import and export licensing process more systematically has been significantly enhanced.

2.3.3 Chemical Substances, Fertilizers, Pesticides, and Industrial Raw Materials Imports and Exports - Unit 3

	Description	Year		
		2023	2024	2025
01	Dangerous Chemicals	508	508	466
02	Chemicals other than agrochemicals, pesticides	1743	1940	1665
03	Fertilizer	-	-	11
04	Organic Waste	46	99	233
05	Radio Active Materials	253	182	108
06	Petroleum , Petroleum Products	1075	1452	1282
07	Alcohol	250	229	193
08	Plastic food containers	-	01	-
09	Metal, Scraps exports	213	317	235
10	Metal, Scraps imports	168	153	30
	Total	**4256**	**4881**	**4223**

Unit 3 functions for issueing licenses for importing dangerous chemicals, petroleum-related products, radioactive substances, alcohol, other chemicals required for industries, other raw materials, and licenses for exporting metal scraps.

With the introduction of a new computer application for the issuance of licenses and debit notes, and the subsequent interconnection between our Department and Sri Lanka Customs, a trend toward a more streamlined existing system was observed. Furthermore, due to steps taken to issue bulk licenses for selected license categories and the provision of opportunities to include multiple pro forma invoices under a single license, a some quantitative decrease is observed in the number of licenses issued in the year 2025 compared to the year 2024.

2.3.4 Mobile Phones, Communication Equipment, and Others - Unit 4

	Description	Year		
		2023	2024	2025
01	Explosives & Weapons	153	207	53
02	Timber (Exports)	65	108	99
03	Used Computers	09	04	03
04	Used Refrigerators and Air conditioners	01	-	01
05	Heat pumps	10	16	09
06	Refrigerant gases	99	99	181
07	Brand new Air conditioning Out Door and Indoor unit	228	167	106
08	Sports Goods ,Coins or Disc Operated Games etc.	-	07	09
09	Plugs and sockets	65	79	45
10	Remote controlled Toys	74	91	20
11	Cigarette Papers	49	69	63
12	Used furniture	03	01	01
13	Saws	17	102	113
14	Printers and photocopiers	142	210	202
15	Telecommunication Equipment	1175	1205	1182
16	Cellular phones	3128	3770	2498
17	Weather balloon	-	01	-
18	Used Clothes	-	-	40
	Total	**5218**	**6136**	**4625**

This unit is responsible for issuing import licenses for items such as mobile phones, communication equipment, electronic appliances, keys, remote-controlled toys, gunpowder, and air rifles, as well as issuing export licenses for sawn timber and wood logs.

In the year 2025, a new computer system was introduced for the methodology of issuing licenses and debit notes, and with the interconnection established between this Department and Sri Lanka Customs, a trend toward systematic optimization of the existing process is observed. Accordingly, compared to the year 2024, it is noted that providing the opportunity to include multiple proforma invoices under a single license issued for Category 4300 (Mobile Phones (Used / New)) in the year 2025 has resulted in a quantitative decrease in the volume of licenses issued.

According to the Cabinet Decision No. අමප/25/0070/826/001 dated February 4, 2025, and taking into consideration the request made by the Ministry of Environment, Cabinet approval has been granted to introduce an annual quota system to control the import of used clothing, and under that mechanism, to progressively phase out the importation of all types of used clothing (including winter clothing) over a period of three years. Accordingly, 40 import licenses have been issued for the importation of used clothing for the year 2025.

2.3.5 Animals, Animal Products, and Miscellaneous Imports - Unit 5

	Description	Year		
		2023	2024	2025
01	Live Animals	1642	2222	28
02	Edible Meat and Meat Products	-	-	154
03	Animal Feeds	-	-	2475
04	Salt	26	27	40
05	Sugar	07	17	13
06	Frozen Fish	293	278	149
07	Frozen Squid	-	02	-
08	Fish Baits	-	-	04
09	Canned Fish	-	-	12
10	Cashews in shell	01	36	70
11	Cereals	193	174	135
12	Rice	120	173	21
13	Rice in Husk	-	-	01
14	Palm oil	54	61	86
15	Energy drinks	51	55	39
16	Tea	500	687	748

17	Gold	37	37	30
18	Clothes	-	01	-
19	Prepared Flour and Malts	358	-	-
	Total	**3282**	**3770**	**4005**

The total number of licenses issued in 2025 shows a higher value compared to 2024, though when considered by category, some categories show lower values compared to 2024.

Pursuant to Cabinet Decision No. අමප/25/0406/808/027 dated 17.03.2025, approval was granted for the importation of 300,000 metric tons of maize for animal feed production from June to December 2025. Consequently, 2,475 import control licenses were issued under Category Code 5020, representing an increase in the volume of licenses issued compared to the year 2024.

Pursuant to the Cabinet Decision, approval has been granted for the importation of 5,000 metric tons of raw cashew nuts in-shell for domestic consumption; consequently, the volume of licenses issued for this purpose reflects an increase when compared to the year 2024.

Furthermore, the number of licenses issued for the importation of tea leaves under Category Code 580 stood at 687 in the year 2024 and 748 in the year 2025, demonstrating a relative growth within this category.

The number of licenses issued for the importation of salt under Category Code 505 stood at 27 in the year 2024 and 40 in the year 2025, demonstrating a relative growth within this category.

In the year 2024, 17 import licenses were issued for sugar under Category Code 515, whereas in the year 2025, the number stood at 13 under Category Code 5110, reflecting a lower value compared to the year 2024.

Pursuant to the Cabinet Decision, approval was granted for the issuance of rice import licenses for domestic consumption in the year 2024. However, as only sticky rice was imported in the year 2025, a lower value is recorded when compared to the year 2024.

2.4 Imports and Exports Payment Terms and Regulations

The Department also regulates international trade transactions made for commercial purposes. For this purpose, payment terms regulation were published through Gazette Extraordinary No. 1739/03 dated 2012.01.02, and operational instructions are continuously issued to commercial banks regarding these payment terms.

1. Advanced Payments -AP
2. Documents against Acceptance - DA
3. Letters of Credit - LC
4. Documents against Payment -DP
5. Open Accounts - OA

6. Payments on Consignment Account Basis
7. Non Foreign Exchange -NFE

The approvals/no-objection clearances issued by the Department of Import and Export Control during the year 2025 regarding payment methods, pursuant to the regulations specified in the Extraordinary Gazette Notification No. 1739/03, are as follows:

Month	Approval Type						
	Advance Payments ((USD 50,000, more)	Payments on Documents against Acceptance	Payments on open Accounts	Re-Exports	Approvals for Clearance of goods imported after leaure from Advanced Payment	Other	Total
January	1	23	14	7	12	5	62
February	4	30	24	5	10	2	75
March	9	39	30	3	9	5	95
April	4	32	29	2	2	2	71
May	1	20	21	2	5	2	51
June	3	30	21	3	16	4	77
July	2	47	19	11	13	0	92
August	1	40	18	1	16	2	78
September	4	44	25	1	6	3	83
October	10	63	31	1	15	4	124
November	4	61	32	2	11	1	111
December	7	45	22	2	22	6	104
Total	50	474	286	40	137	36	1023

2.5. Regulation and Facilitation of Imports and Exports in Sri Lanka

2.5.1 Implementation of UN Security Council Resolution 1540 in Sri Lanka

The proliferation of nuclear, chemical, and biological weapons, as well as their means of delivery, is considered a serious threat to international peace and security. Therefore, it is a fundamental responsibility of states to refrain from providing any form of assistance to non-state actors in acquiring, possessing, transferring, transporting, or using such weapons or related materials.

To that end, it is essential to enact appropriate legal and administrative measures for the implementation of UN Security Council Resolution 1540. This resolution emphasizes that the export, re-export, transit, and trans-shipment of nuclear, chemical, and biological weapons and related materials for peaceful purposes only must be conducted in accordance with relevant national laws and regulatory frameworks. However, since a sufficiently specific legal framework did not exist within the country to fully meet these requirements, Sri Lanka identified the need to establish a formal, coherent, and modern legal framework for the control of strategic goods trade.

Implementing such international obligations further strengthens Sri Lanka's foreign policy, accountability, and credibility, while also contributing a range of benefits to the country, such as enhanced national security, trade stability, attraction of foreign investment, and improved ease of doing business.

Taking the above requirements into consideration, cabinet policy approval was granted on 11 September 2019 for the implementation of Resolution 1540 in Sri Lanka. Furthermore, a legislative drafting committee and a technical committee, comprising representatives of state institutions, were appointed with cabinet approval to effectively implement the resolution and provide the necessary legal and technical support.

The Technical Committee has completed the preparation of the EU Military List and the EU Dual-Use Control List in English, Sinhala, and Tamil, taking into account international best practices. These two lists are proposed to be used as the foundational basis for developing a national control list.

However, the Legal Draftsman observed that since the original cabinet approval for this process was granted in 2019, it needed to be updated and aligned with the current policy environment. Accordingly, a new cabinet memorandum was prepared and submitted for cabinet approval, which was granted in January 2023.

Going forward, the Strategic Trade Management Act has been drafted and referred to the Legal Draftsman to provide the necessary legal foundation for the full and effective implementation of Resolution 1540. In drafting this legislation, the observations of subject matter experts related to Resolution 1540, strategic trade control laws in force in Asia-Pacific countries, and international guidelines have been studied in detail.

The drafting of the Sri Lanka Strategic Trade Management Act is required in relation to both the implementation of UN Security Council Resolution 1540 in Sri Lanka and the Action Plan for

Sri Lanka's Third Mutual Evaluation on the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing framework. Additionally, work has been carried out to prepare a national control list based on the EU Military List and the EU Dual-Use Control List in respect of strategic items proposed to be regulated under that Act.

At present, steps have been taken to re-obtain cabinet approval in order to incorporate amendments required in accordance with the observations of the Legal Draftsman, and it is intended to proceed with the necessary further steps in accordance with cabinet approval. The enactment of this Act will be an important step in elevating Sri Lanka's strategic trade control system to a comprehensive and efficient framework.

2.5.2 Pre-Shipment Inspection Certificate

When importing used vehicles to Sri Lanka, it is necessary to verify that these vehicles comply with the specified emission standards and safety measures and for this purpose, the Gazette Extraordinary No. 1804/17 dated April 04, 2013, which includes authorized inspection agencies for obtaining pre-shipment inspection certificates, was published.

Since 2020, vehicle imports were temporarily suspended due to the financial crisis caused by the global COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the process of increasing the number of authorized inspection agencies issuing pre-shipment inspection certificates for vehicles was temporarily halted.

However, as the country's financial crisis gradually returned to normal by 2024, with the government's attention focused on vehicle imports and the temporary ban on certain vehicle categories being lifted, the process of increasing the number of pre-shipment inspection certificate issuing agencies was revitalized. Initial measures were taken to re-invite proposals from agencies previously selected by the Special Technical Committee in 2019 and to select suitable agencies.

The selection process for the said institutions was concluded during the first quarter of the year 2025, and the preparation of an appropriate agreement to enter into contracts with the selected institutions has commenced. Subsequently, a Gazette Notification is scheduled to be published to publicize the authorized institutions. This will enable importers to minimize the difficulties they face when importing vehicles in the future, while also ensuring the safety and protection of the consumers who purchase them.

2.5.3. Gazette Notification for Publishing the List of Importers Who Contravene Regulations

The publication of the list of importers who contravene regulations with the standards prescribed by the Import and Export (Control) Regulations serves as an indicator of fulfilling the social responsibility to safeguard the national economy, public health and safety, as well as environmental security. Therefore, provisions concerning the publication of the list of importers who contravene regulations with the standards prescribed by the Import and Export (Control) Regulations have been accommodated under this framework.

Accordingly, the draft of the regulations prepared by the Legal Draftsman was submitted for Cabinet approval via Cabinet Memorandum No. MF/IED/003/CM/2025/063 dated 15.06.2025. Consequently, taking into consideration the observations provided by the Minister of Trade, Commerce, Food Security, and Co-operative Development regarding the said Cabinet Memorandum, it was communicated via Cabinet Decision No. අමප/25/1108/804/131 dated 22.07.2025 to proceed with the necessary actions subject to the prior approval of the Cabinet of Ministers.

Pursuant to the said Cabinet Decision and taking into consideration the observations of the Minister of Trade, Commerce, Food Security, and Co-operative Development, the relevant regulations has been referred back to the Legal Draftsman for redrafting. Steps will be taken in due course to republish the Gazette Notification upon incorporating the amendments by the Legal Draftsman, resubmitting it to the Cabinet of Ministers, and obtaining their subsequent approval.

2.5.4 Preparing a Policy Framework for Issuing Import and Export Licenses and Reviewing Import and Export License Conditions

The formulation of the aforementioned policy framework was initiated with the objectives of precisely identifying the recommending authorities for licenses issued by the Department of Import and Export Control, accurately classifying the items falling under the purview of those recommending authorities, and thereby ensuring that explicit recommendations for the importation of the respective items are issued directly by those relevant institutions.

As the preliminary step, the units responsible for issuing the respective import licenses individually identified the institutions that conventionally issue recommendations for each licensed item. To identify ambiguous or problematic areas concerning these institutions and to resolve those issues, the respective recommending authorities were summoned to this Department for discussions. Accordingly, a new mechanism was formulated to ensure that recommendations for import licenses can be obtained exclusively through those designated institutions.

Accordingly, in order to streamline the respective recommendation process, this Department has taken measures to enter into Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs) with the relevant recommending authorities to facilitate the online acquisition of recommendations through the STRATLINK digital system introduced by this Department.

2.6 New Improvements

2.6.1 Progress of the STRATLINK Computer Software System fully implemented at the Department of Import and Export Control

Considering the provisions and recommendations of the Personal Data Protection Act No. 09 of 2022 and the Information and Cyber Security Policy for Government Institutions, it was further recognized as essential to enter into agreements with parties accessing data within the STRATLINK system. Accordingly, Memorandums of Understanding (MOUs), detailing their respective roles and responsibilities, have been entered into with 25 government institutions that are stakeholders connected to the STRATLINK system and provide recommendations for the issuance of import and export control licenses.

By the year 2025, 99% of the regular clients transacting with the Department had completed their registration within the STRATLINK system and were obtaining their import and export licenses online with great ease.

Furthermore, clients have been provided with the facility to make license fee and other related payments swiftly through the national payment platform (LankaPay Payment Platform), with the convenience of making payments on a 24/7 basis.

The system integration between the Department of Import and Export Control and Sri Lanka Customs has been completed, enabling the automated exchange of license information between the STRATLINK system and the ASYCUDA system of Sri Lanka Customs. Accordingly, license details are transmitted to Sri Lanka Customs, and upon receipt of the Customs Declaration data required for license debiting from the ASYCUDA system into the STRATLINK system, the approvals required for cargo clearance are automatically forwarded to Sri Lanka Customs through the STRATLINK system.

2.6.2. Future Developments of the STRATLINK System

The system enhancements identified during the first phase of STRATLINK are scheduled to be implemented during its second phase in the year 2026.

In addition to integration with the forthcoming National Single Window project, plans have been formulated to connect the system with the National Cyber Security Operations Centre (NCSOC) in order to minimize the impact of potential cyber threats, thereby ensuring the delivery of an efficient, secure, and high-quality service.

Chapter 3-

3.1. Statement of Financial Performance

Financial Performance Statement for the year ending 31st December 2025

ACA-F

Statement of Financial Performance
for the period ended 31st December 2025

Revised Budget allocations 2025 Rs.		Note	Actual 2025 Rs.	Actual 2024 Rs.	
-	**Revenue Receipts**		[illegible]	3,762,583,369	
-	Income Tax	1		-	ACA-1
-	Taxes on Domestic Goods & Services	2		-	
3,115,000,000	Taxes on International Trade	3			
-	Non Tax Revenue & Others	4	[illegible]	3,762,583,369	
3,115,000,000	**Total Revenue Receipts (A)**		[illegible]	3,762,583,369	
-	**Non Revenue Receipts**			-	
-	Treasury Imprests		101,186,000	128,344,759	ACA-3
-	Deposits		779,458	488,608	ACA-4
5,000,000	Advance Accounts		8,909,220	6,338,270	ACA-5
-	Other Main Ledger Receipts		[illegible]	19,880,089	
-	**Total Non Revenue Receipts (B)**		[illegible]	155,051,326	
	Total Revenue Receipts & Non Revenue Receipts C = (A)+(B)		[illegible]	3,917,634,355	
	Remittance to the Treasury (D)		[illegible]	3,763,676,594	
-	**Net Revenue Receipts & Non Revenue Receipts E = (C)-(D)**		[illegible]	153,957,811	
	Less: Expenditure				
-	**Recurrent Expenditure**				
97,000,000	Wages, Salaries & Other Employment Benefits	5	81,892,622	76,542,418	ACA-2(ii)
88,347,000	Other Goods & Services	6	68,293,016	53,042,240	
1,200,000	Subsidies, Grants and Transfers	7	721,800	814,457	
-	Interest Payments	8	-	-	
-	Other Recurrent Expenditure	9	-	-	
186,547,000	**Total Recurrent Expenditure (F)**		[illegible]	130,399,115	
	Capital Expenditure				
1,755,000	Rehabilitation & Improvement of Capital Assets	10	1,087,360	1,380,382	ACA-2(ii)
101,452,000	Acquisition of Capital Assets	11	[illegible]	20,350,483	
-	Capital Transfers	12	-	-	
-	Acquisition of Financial Assets	13	-	-	
2,200,000	Capacity Building	14	1,111,320	602,590	
-	Other Capital Expenditure	15	-	-	
[illegible]	**Total Capital Expenditure (G)**		[illegible]	22,333,455.00	
	Deposit Payments		1,995,210	338,565	ACA-4
6,000,000.00	Advance Payments		[illegible]	7,913,434	ACA-5
	Other Main Ledger Payments			-	
	Total Main Ledger Expenditure (H)		[illegible]	8,251,999	
	Total Expenditure I = (F+G+H)		[illegible]	160,984,569.00	
	Balance as at 31st December J = (E-I)		[illegible]	[illegible]	
	Balance as per the Imprest Adjustment Statement		[illegible]	[illegible]	ACA-7
	Imprest Balance as at 31st December			-	ACA-3

6

3. 2 Statement of Financial Position

Statement of Financial Position as at 31st December 2025

[illegible]

2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට
මූල්‍ය තත්ත්වය පිළිබඳ ප්‍රකාශය

	[illegible]	2025 රු.	2024 රු.
[illegible]			
[illegible]	[illegible]	188,149,874	83,327,235
[illegible]			
[illegible]	[illegible]	18,631,403	16,880,175
[illegible]	[illegible]	-	-
[illegible]		206,781,277	100,207,410
[illegible]			
[illegible]		18,487,899	15,422,759
[illegible]		188,149,873	83,327,235
[illegible]	[illegible]	100,000	-
[illegible]			
[illegible]	[illegible]	43,504	1,457,416
[illegible]	[illegible]		-
[illegible]		206,781,277	100,207,410

[illegible] 7 [illegible] 37 [illegible] 1 [illegible] 7 [illegible] 38 [illegible] 48 [illegible] 150 [illegible] 151 [illegible] 2025.12.17 [illegible] 02/2026 [illegible]

2018 [illegible] 19 [illegible] 38 (1) [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
දිනය : 2026.02. [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
දිනය : 2026.02. [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
දිනය : 2026.02. [illegible]

[illegible]

3.3 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows as at 31st December 2025

ACA-C

Statement of Cash Flows
for the Period ended 31st December 2025

	Actual 2025 Rs.	Actual 2024 Rs.
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Total Tax Receipts	-	-
Fees, Fines, Penalties and Licenses	4,111,724,604	3,762,583,369
Profit	-	-
Non Revenue Receipts	647,701	19,880,000
Revenue Collected on behalf of Other Revenue Heads	6,380,629	4,158,531
Imprest Received	164,380,000	128,344,250
Recoveries from Advance	8,080,618	7,474,212
Deposit Received	579,450	488,618
Total Cash generated from Operations (A)	**4,291,335,300**	**3,922,928,996**
Less : Cash disbursed for:		
Personal Emoluments & Operating Payments	164,791,826	137,833,087
Subsidies & Transfer Payments	723,802	814,457
Rehabilitation & Improvement of Capital Assets,Capital Transfers, Capacity Building and Other Capital Expenditure	2,501,295	-
Expenditure incurred on behalf of Other Heads	785,375	-
Imprest Settlement to Treasury	4,113,797,087	3,761,876,594
Advance Payments	10,720,448	7,913,434
Deposit Payments	1,995,310	378,265
Total Cash disbursed for Operations (B)	**4,289,560,753**	**3,900,595,837**
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES(C)=(A)-(B)	**1,774,547**	**22,333,153**
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest	-	-
Dividends	-	-
Divestiture Proceeds & Sale of Physical Assets	-	-
Recoveries from On Lending	-	-
Total Cash generated from Investing Activities (D)	-	-
Less : Cash disbursed for:		
Capital Asset Construction, Purchases and Other Investment Acquisitions	104,725,889	
Total Cash disbursed for Investing Activities (E)	**104,725,889**	-
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES(F)=(D)-(E)	**(104,725,889)**	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING & INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES (G)=(C) + (F)	**(102,951,342)**	**22,333,153**
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Local Borrowings	-	-
Foreign Borrowings	-	-
Grants Received	102,951,342	-
Total Cash generated from Financing Activities (H)	**102,951,342**	-
Less : Cash disbursed for:		
Repayment of Local Borrowings	-	-
Repayment of Foreign Borrowings	-	-
Total Cash disbursed for Financing Activities (I)	-	-
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (J)=(H)-(I)	**102,951,342**	-
Net Movement in Cash (K) = (G) + (J)	-	-
Opening Cash Balance as at 01st January	-	-
Closing Cash Balance as at 31st December	-	-

1

3.4 Performance of Revenue Collection

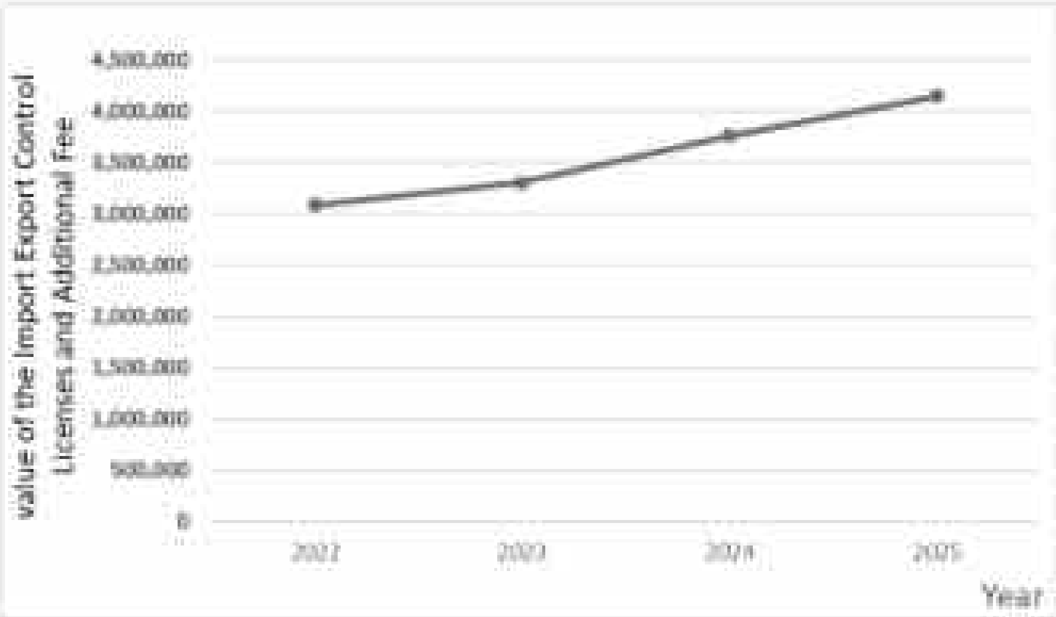
Rs. '000

Income code	Description to the income code	Income Estimation		Income Added	
		Initial Estimation	Final Estimation	Amount (Rs.)	As % of the Final Estimation
1001.03.00	Import and Export Licences Fees	3,800,000	3,315,000	4,154,004	125%

3.4.1 Value of the Import and Export Control Licences and additional Fees of the Last 4 Years

Rs. '000

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025
Net Income	3,086,778	3,304,992	3,762,583	4,154,004



Considering the department's license revenue over the past three years, a gradual increase in revenue can be observed. In the year 2025, the department succeeded in earning a high revenue of Rs.4.15 billion through the issuance of licenses, which represents an increase of approximately 10.4% compared to the year 2024.

Factors such as the expansion of the economy, the increase in the volume of licenses issued due to the enhanced efficiency of the new computer system, and the collection of fines in instances of import control regulation violations have contributed to the growth in license revenue.

3.5 Performance of utilization of allocations for the year 2025

Rs. '000

Provision Type	**Allocated Provisions**		**Actual Expenditure**	**As % of the Utilized Final Provision**
	Initial Provisions	**Final Provisions**		
Recurrent	187,000	186,545	162,467	87%
Capital	8,000	8,455	4,572	54%
Capital -13 (forieng Grant)	-	102,952	102,952	100%

3.6 According to F.R. 208, there are no provisions granted to this Department as a representative of another Ministry/Department.

3.7 Performance on Reporting of Non - Financial Assests

Rs.

Assess Code	**Code Description**	**Balance as per the Goods Survey Report as at 31.12.2025**	**Balance as per Financial Status Report as at 31.12.2025**	**To be accounted in the future**	**Reporting progress as%**
9151	Buildings and Structures	-	-	-	-
9152	Machinery	-	89,476,036.17	-	-
9153	Lands	-	-	-	-
9154	Intangible Assets	-	98,673,837.92	-	-
9155	Biological Assets	-	-	-	-
9160	Work in Progress	-	-	-	-
9180	Tax-Deductible Assets	-	-	-	-

3.8 Auditor General's Report (Annexture 1)

Chapter 4 - Performance Index

4.1 Institutional Performance Index (Based on Action Plan)

	Specific Index	Actual Output as a percentage of the expected out (%)		
		100% - 90%	**75% - 89%**	**50% - 74%**
Execution of existing regulations	Publication Regulations for Gazette Notifiction	√		
	Issuing opearating instructions	√		
	Issuing Internal Circulars	√		
Operational activities	Issuing Import/Export Control Licenses and Debits	√		
Financial Management	Completion of activitsies stipulated in Imprest Requirement Plan	√		
	Completion of activities stipulated in Revenue Collection Plan	√		
Internal Audit Functions	Internal Audit Inspections		√	
	Conduct AMC meeting	√		
	Submit the Preliminary Report	√		
	Preparation of Chief Internal Auditor's Quartely Assesment Report	√		
Implementation of Moderanized IT System	Implentation of STRATLINK IT System	√		
Procurement Management	Implentation of goods, works and non-consulting services			√
Human Resource Management	Implementation of Training Programs		√	

Chapter 5 - Performance in Achieving Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

At the United Nations General Assembly in 2015, world leaders introduced the 17 Sustainable Development Goals and 169 targets to be achieved globally by 2030. The Action Plan for Human, Earth, and Prosperity on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, Efforts to Strengthen Universal Peace in Extensive Freedom, Eliminate Forms of Poverty, including Extreme Poverty, Human Rights, Gender Equality and Empowerment of women and girls including the collaborative action of all stakeholders.

Officers of this Department participated in workshops sponsored by the Sustainable Development Council to strengthen the role of public institutions in Sri Lanka in aligning with the national approach for the successful implementation of the Global Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). This further enhanced their understanding of planning and implementing long-term development strategies

Subsequently, with a long-term vision to achieve the department's objectives, Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and indicators to measure their progress were established. Within the framework of these established goals, the Department of Import and Export Control has initiated activities to meet the timely requirements for the country's sustainable development. The Sustainable Development Goals taken as the basis in formulating the objectives relevant to the department are as follows.

5.1 Identified Sustainable Development Goals

Making cities and settlements perfectly safe, robust and sustainable. (Sustainable Development Goal - No. 11)

In order to build a conducive environment for living in the country, air quality assurance and municipal and other waste management must be carried out. Due to the rapid increase in traffic use in urbanized areas, the percentage of emissions from the air in those areas has also increased. It is noteworthy that the toxic fumes emitted from vehicles cause significant air pollution. Therefore, the import of vehicles that do not comply with emission standards has been stopped. Regulations have been imposed for this by Gazette Extraordinary Notification No. 2107/45 dated 25.01.2019 and necessary measures are being taken to continuously implement these regulations.

Ensuring sustainable consumption and production pattern. (Sustainable Development Objectives No. 12)

The Department acts as a regulatory body to achieve the development goals set by the Government by minimizing the adverse effects on human health and the environment by managing chemicals and all pollutants in an environmentally friendly manner. Identifying such influential import and export items and subjecting them to regulation and regulation of import and export licenses, complete prohibition on import or export and setting of import and export related standards in coordination with other government agencies.

According to the Gazette Extraordinary No. 2326/41 and the Gazette dated 06.04.2023, the import of single-use plastic goods has been banned. Accordingly, in terms of the Approval of Cabinet of Ministers obtained by the Ministry of Environment for the proposals set out in their Note to the Cabinet No. 23/0265/622/003 dated January 31, 2023, titled "Management of Single Use Plastic/Polythene Waste", importation of single-use plastic drinking straws, stirrers, plates, cups (except yogurt cups), spoons including yogurt spoons, forks, knives, and plastic garlands, plastic string hopper trays has been banned by the Gazette Extraordinary No. 2326/41 dated April 06, 2023,continue to be in force.

In addition, in the year 2024, the Extraordinary Gazette No. 2384/35 dated 17 May 2024 was published imposing standardization regulations for imported goods under HS Code 304. Here, it made standardization mandatory for many types of foods that are directly intended for human consumption, as well as many equipment and accessories.

Creating a peaceful and perfect society for sustainable development, providing opportunities for all for justice and building effective, accountable institutions at all levels. (Sustainable Development Goals No. 16)

The Department aims to establish a decision-making process with the active participation of officers at all levels and to ensure high effectiveness by constantly evaluating those decisions. Through staff meetings and progress review meetings, officials at all levels have been actively involved in the decision-making process, enabling the establishment of an effective, accountable and transparent body.

The Department has provided the necessary facilities to those parties in a manner that fully guarantees the right of the public to access information in accordance with the national legal system and international charters and conventions. The information requested by the Department will be handed over to the requesting parties very responsibly and expeditiously and access to the updated information will also be provided through the Departmental website.

Strengthening and Reviving the opportunities of implementation of global cooperation. (Sustainable Development Goals No. 17)

It is the responsibility of the Department to implement, facilitate, coordinate, and regulate the policies adopted to achieve the sustainable development goals envisioned by the Government. Under this framework, ensuring the proper implementation and regulation of government policies, as well as enforcing and strengthening international trade regulations, are key objectives.

In this regard, by implementing United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540 and the Trade Facilitation Agreement (TFA) within Sri Lanka, the Department works toward achieving sustainable development goals, such as improving global macroeconomic stability through policy coordination and coherence. Resolution 1540 received Cabinet approval in 2023.

Simultaneously, to more effectively issue import and export control licenses through an online system, Cabinet approval was obtained to establish the STRATLINK computer system in collaboration with the Embassy of the United States. Accordingly, representatives of the

Estonian Government conducted basic-level training for the officers of the Department of Import and Export Control on the functionality of the STRATLINK system. The system was officially launched on October 25, 2024, and steps were taken to fully issue import-export control licenses and debit notes online starting in the year 2025.

Target/ Objective	Targets	Achievement Index	Progress on achievements so far		
			0%-49%	50%-75%	76%-100%
11. To make cities and settlements perfect, safe, robust, and sustainable.	11.6 Reduce the per capita adverse environmental impact caused by cities, especially by 2030, including air quality and urban and other waste management.	1. Not allowing clearance of non-compliant vehicles to the standards.			✓
12 Ensuring sustainable consumption and production patterns.	12.4 Implement eco-friendly management of chemicals and all contaminants in accordance with the agreed international agenda by 2020 and minimize their release into the air, water and soil to minimize adverse effects on human health and the environment.	2. Completion of the Barzel Convention Review.			✓
		3. Number of items controlled on the recommendation of the relevant authority.			✓
		4. Number of consultative meetings held with interested parties.	✓		
		5. Number of consultative meetings held with staff officers.		✓	
		6. Number of activities carried out for awareness.	✓		

<table>
<tr><th rowspan="2">Target/ Objective</th><th rowspan="2">Targets</th><th rowspan="2">Achievement Index</th><th colspan="3">Progress on achievements so far</th></tr>
<tr><th>0%-49%</th><th>50%-75%</th><th>76%-100%</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2"></td><td rowspan="2">12.5 Prevent waste generation, mitigation, recycling and recycling by 2030.</td><td>7. Number of regulations issued during the year to reduce the import of e-waste.</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>8. Number of rejected imported used electronic items (mobile phones, computers, etc.).</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">16. Creating peaceful and perfect societies for sustainable development, giving everyone access to justice and building effective, responsible institutions at all levels.</td><td rowspan="2">16.7 Ensuring that there is a responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making process at all levels.</td><td>9. Number of staff meetings held.</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>10. Number of progress review meetings held.</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">16.10 Ensuring the right of the public to information and protection of fundamental freedoms in accordance with the national legal system and international charters and conventions.</td><td>11. Number of replies given within 14 days on requests made under the Right to Information Act.</td><td></td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr>
<tr><td>12. Number of reports, statistics and publications published from time to time on the Departmental website in accordance with the Right to Information Act.</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td></tr>
</table>

Target/ Objective	Targets	Achievement Index	Progress on achievements so far		
			0%-49%	50%-75%	76%-100%
17. Strengthening and Reviving the opportunities of implementation of global cooperation.	17.1. Local resources animation, including providing international support to developing countries to improve the collecting of taxes and other income.	Implementation of United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540 in Sri Lanka		✓	
	17.16. Increasing the global partnership for sustainable development through various parties, especially in the partnership, experience, technology and financial resources to achieve sustainable development goals, especially in developing countries, including developing countries.	Establishment of STRATLINK Computer system			✓

5.2 Achievements and Challenges in Fulfilling Sustainable Development Goals

It should be coordinated with other Government Agencies in carrying out the role of the Department to achieve sustainable development goals. There, some functions are entitled to the public institutions, and the progress of this task decisively affects the goals of the Department. The progress that those State Institutions to perform the threat is a rule of the Department, another challenge that has faced. The Department is working to overcome these challenges.

The import and export control restrictions previously imposed to resolve the economic crisis and foreign reserve issues faced in the past have now been lifted. The national economy has stabilized to a certain extent, and a notable growth in foreign reserves is evident. Based on this progress, import and export controls were largely removed to ease the public's day-to-day life. Except for certain categories of vehicle imports, the liberalization of other imports has led to a relaxation in consumption patterns and has contributed to growth in the industrial sector.

Chapter 6 - Human Resource Profile

6.1 Workforce Management

Departmental staff actively contribute to the formulation of policies related to import and export regulation, issuing of licenses/debit notes and revenue collection, and are responsible and committed to providing a more efficient and effective service to clients. The staff as of 31.12.2025 as follows.

	Approved Cadre	Actual Cadre	Vacancies
Senior	14	12	02
Tertiary	04	03	01
Secondary	84	74	10
Primary	20	15	05
Total	**122**	**104**	**18**

6.2 Impact of shortage or excess of human resources on the performance of the Department

Requests have been made to the Secretary to the Ministry of Public Administration, Provincial Councils and Local Government, to The Director General of Combined Services, and to the Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development to take necessary action to fill the existing vacancies in the Department. Further, the following measures were taken to fill the human resource shortage.

I. Although there are 06 approved cadres for the posts of Deputy Controller / Assistant Controller of the Sri Lanka Administrative Service (SLAS) for this Department, only 04 officers are currently in active service. A request has been made to the Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development to provide officers, either on an acting basis or through new postings, until these vacancies are filled.

II. The approved cadre for the post of Driver is 5, of which only two are currently in service. Although requests have been made to fill these vacancies, they have not been fulfilled to date. Consequently, an official driver from the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development has been temporarily deployed to this Department, enabling the management of the Department's official transport requirements despite operational difficulties.

6.3 Human Resources Development

In 2025, officers were directed to the following programs which are directly related to the human resource development of the Department.

Program	Number of trained persons	Duration of the Program	Overall Investment (Rs'000)		Overall Investment	Output / Acquired Knowledge
			Local	Local		
Supply Chain Management – Singapore	01	From 13.07.2025 to 19.07.2025	-	USD -175	Foreign	Enabling the formulation of future policy decisions by broadening the knowledge and insight of the Department's officers through the acquisition of cutting-edge knowledge and practical experience in future Supply Chain Management.
FINTECH Training programme on Maret Development that hd been organized by South Asian Reginal Training Technical Assistant Centre(SARTTAC) maintained by International Monetary Fund (IMF) - India	01	From 13.07.2025 to 19.07.2025	-	USD 175	Foreign	Broadening the knowledge and insight of officers regarding FINTECH market development and its associated policy implications.
Training course organized by Indian Technical and Economic Corparation and Health and Sanitary and Phyto sanitory measures under world Tarde organization(WTO) and Technical barriers on Trade - India	01	From 15.07.2025 to 26.07.2025	-	USD 300	Foreign	Broadening the understanding of officers regarding international trade and technological relations, as well as potential threats, that must be taken into consideration when formulating import and export control regulations and policies.

Program	Number of trained persons	Duration of the Program	Overall Investment (Rs'000)		Overall Investment	Output / Acquired Knowledge
			Local	Local		
Public Finace Management - China	02	From 03-11-2025 to 19-11-2025	-	USD 750 + GBP 150	Foreign	Broadening the knowledge and understanding of officers regarding Public Financial Mnagement.
Training programme on the New National Procurement Guidelines	01	06 Hrs	RS. 14,000.00	-	Local	Enabling the efficient and effective execution of the Department's procurement operations by identifying the new government procurement procedure and utilizing the knowledge, methodologies, and practical insights acquired through the respective training programs.
Advance Excel & Google Tools	37	02 Hrs		-	Local	Enhancing the computer literacy of officers and raising awareness on the benefits of integrating modern computer technology into daily official duties.
Diploma in Diplomacy & World Affairs	02	4 hours per week for 2 years	Rs. 320,000.00	-	Local	Developing competencies in international relations, policy analysis, negotiation, and communication, while elevating the knowledge and professionalism of officers to execute delegation tasks efficiently, practically, and effectively in their daily operations.
Master OF Information Security Degree Program	01	02 Years	Rs 615,000.00	-	Local	Fulfilling the qualifications of the Service Minute and strengthening the Information Technology policy of the institution,

Program	Number of trained persons	Duration of the Program	Overall Investment (Rs'000) Local	Local	Overall Investment	Output / Acquired Knowledge
						thereby enhancing the reliability and performance of digital services.
Providing Practical Training on the Import Process.	23	03 Hrs	Rs. 1,800.00	-	Local	Updating knowledge on the Import and Export Control Act and the procedure for issuing Import and export Control Licenses.
Training on Combating Bribery and Corruption - Batch I	32	02 Hrs	-	-	Local	Imparting an understanding of anti-bribery and corruption laws and responsibilities, deterring public officials from engaging in bribery and corruption, and taking measures to enhance the discipline and professionalism of the staff.
Training on Public Asset Management.	01	06 Hrs	Rs. 14,000.00	-	Local	Imparting legal understanding and insights into new trends in public asset management, improving asset maintenance and security, preventing deficiencies, and developing reporting and analytical capabilities.
Training on Combating Bribery and Corruption - Batch II	27	02 Hrs	-	-	Local	Imparting an understanding of anti-bribery and corruption laws and responsibilities, deterring public officials from engaging in bribery and corruption, and taking measures to enhance the discipline and professionalism of the staff.

Program	Number of trained persons	Duration of the Program	Overall Investment (Rs'000)		Overall Investment	Output / Acquired Knowledge
			Local	Local		
Training on Bid Evaluation.	3	02 Hrs 30 Min	-		Local	Developing an understanding of measurement methods, analytical skills, and practical processes within the correct legal framework, thereby ensuring awareness to execute the Department's procurement functions efficiently and effectively.
Reviewing the Operations of the Stratlink Reviewing	20	06 Hrs	Rs. 52,539.56	-	Local	Identifying issues arising during the issuance of import and export licenses through the Stratlink system, and discussing solutions for them.
National Medicines Regulatory Authority (NMRA) Procedures Programme.	30	02 Hrs	Rs. 2,800.00	-	Local	Creating awareness on the procedures of the National Medicines Regulatory Authority (NMRA) when issuing Import Control Licenses for pharmaceuticals.
Creating awareness on the procedures of the Department of Animal Production and Health	37	02 Hrs	Rs. 6,000.00	-	Local	reating awareness on the procedures of the Department of Animal Production and Health when issuing import control licenses based on their recommendations.
The procedural Framework Governing the introduction of Government Business to Parliament.	10	02 Hrs 30 Min	-	-	Local	Gaining an understanding of the procedure to be followed when presenting government business to Parliament.

Program	Number of trained persons	Duration of the Program	Overall Investment (Rs'000) Local	Local	Overall Investment	Output / Acquired Knowledge
Strategic Trade Management (STM)	23	02 Hrs	-	-	Local	Creating awareness on strategic trade management.
Procedure relating to Re-export	27	02 Hrs	Rs. 3,600.00	-	Local	Providing an understanding of the procedures involved in executing re-exports.
Fire Safety Awareness and Training Session	2	04 Hrs	Rs. 9,440.00	-	Local	Gaining an understanding of how to prevent or mitigate the risks associated with a fire during an emergency situation.
Program Sustainable Development Goals	28	02 Hrs 30 Min	Rs. 3,400.00	-	Local	Providing a basic understanding of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets, along with their significance, and imparting an understanding of how to utilize these targets to enhance institutional performance.
Role of the Department of Import and Export Control	50	2 Hrs	-	-	Local	Providing an understanding of the publication of regulations under the Import and Export (Control) Act, No. 1 of 1969.
Awareness Program on Office Management	43	03 Hrs	Rs. 12,000.00	-	Local	Providing an understanding of the importance of office procedures in executing daily office routines efficiently and effectively.
Reviewing the operations of the Stratlink system	12	03 Hrs	-	-	Local	Identifying issues arising when utilizing the Stratlink system, and discussing solutions for them

Program	Number of trained persons	Duration of the Program	Overall Investment (Rs'000)		Overall Investment	Output / Acquired Knowledge
			Local	Local		
Awareness programme on the Montreal Protocol.	100	05 Hrs	-	-	Local	Creating awareness on the Montreal Protocol and its governance mechanism.
Training workshop conducted for recommending line agencies involved in the issuance of online import and export control licenses via the Stratlink system	13	08 Hrs	-	-	Local	Identifying practical challenges faced by recommending authorities when issuing import and export control licenses through the Stratlink computer system, and providing solutions for them

Chapter 7 - Compliance Report

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment, if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
01	The following financial statements/accounts have been submitted on the due date.			
1.1	Annual Financial Statements	Complied.		
1.2	Advance Account of Public Officers	Complied.		
1.3	Business and Product Advance Account (Commercial Advance Account)	Irrelevant.		
1.4	Store Advance Account	Irrelevant.		
1.5	Special Advance Account	Irrelevant.		
1.6	Other	-		
02	Maintenance of books and documents (445 FR)			

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment, if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
2.1	Updating and maintaining the Fixed Asset Register as per State Accounts Circular 267/2018	Complied.		
2.2	Updating and maintaining personal payroll documents / personal payroll cards	Complied.		
2.3	Updating and maintaining the audit query list	Complied.		
2.4	Updating and maintaining the internal audit record	Complied.		
2.5	Prepare all monthly account summaries (CIGAS) and submit to the Treasury on the due date	Complied.		
2.6	Update and maintain check and money order register	Complied.		
2.7	Update and maintain inventory	Complied.		
2.8	Update and maintain Bulk inventory	Complied.		
2.9	Update and maintain the Damage Register	Complied.		
2.10	Update and maintain the Liability List	Complied.		
2.11	Updating and maintaining the Sub Leaflet Book Register (GA - N20)	Complied.		
03	**Representation of functions for financial control (FR. 135)**			
3.1	Financial powers Delegated powers within the institution	Complied.		
3.2	Make aware within the institute on the Delegation of financial powers	Complied.		
3.3	Delegation of power to comply with each transaction is authorized to be approved by two or more officers	Complied.		
3.4	Acting under the control of the Accountants in using the Government Payroll Software Package as per Government Accounts Circular No. 171/2004 dated 11.05.2014.	Complied.		
04	**Preparation of Annual Plans**			
4.1	Preparation of Annual Action Plan	Complied.		

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment; if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
4.2	Preparation of Annual Procurement Plan	Complied.		
4.3	Preparation of Annual Internal Audit Plan	Complied.		
4.4	Preparation of the annual estimate and submit it to the National Budget Department (NBD) on the due date	Complied.		
4.5	Should have submitted the Annual Cash Flow Statement to the Treasury Operations Department on the due date	Complied.		
05	Audit Inquiry			
5.1	Should have answered all the audit queries by the date fixed by the Auditor General	Not Complied.	Delays occur in getting answers from different sectors	Officials were briefed to answer the public without delays.
06	Internal Audit			
6.1	Preparation of an Internal audit Plan in accordance with FR.134(2) DMA/ 1-2019, at the beginning of the year after the discussion with the Internal auditor.	Complied.		
6.2	Have answered all the audit queries within a month	Complied.		
6.3	Submitting copies of all internal audit reports to the Department of Management Audit in terms of sub-section 40 (4) of the Audit Act No. 19 of 2018	Complied.		
6.4	Submitting all the copies of the reports of Audit Queries to the Auditor General in terms of FR 134(3)	Complied.		
07	Audit and Management Committee			
7.1	Have maintained at least 04 Audit and Management Committees during the relevant year as per DMA Circular 1-2019	Complied.		
08	Asset Management			
8.1	Submitted information on purchase and disposal of assets to the Comptroller General's Office as per Chapter 07 of Asset Management Circular No. 01/2017	Complied.		

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment, if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
8.2	Appointed a liaison officer to coordinate the execution of the provisions of that circular in terms of Chapter 13 of the above Circular and reported the information about that officer to the Comptroller General's Office	Complied.		
8.3	Have Conductd inventory surveys in accordance with Public Finance Circular No. 01/2020 and submitted the relevant reports to the Auditor General on the due date	Complied.		
8.4	Have made excess, deficiencies and other recommendations revealed in the Annual Commodity Survey within the period mentioned in the Circular.	Complied.		
8.5	Disposed Condemn Items Performing in accordance with F.R. 772	Complied.		
09	Vehicle management			
9.1	Preparation of daily driving records and monthly summary reports for pool vehicles and submission to the Auditor General on the due date.	Complied.		
9.2	Disposal of vehicles less than 06 months after condemn	Complied.	There are no Disposal vehicles	
9.3	Maintaining and updating vehicle logbooks	Complied.		
9.4	Acting in accordance with F.R.103,104,109 and 110 in accordance with every car accident.	Complied.		
9.5	Re-inspection of fuel combustion in vehicles in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 3.1 of Public Administration Circular No. 2016/30 dated 29.12.2016	Complied.		
9.6	Have acquired full ownership of the leased vehicle logbooks after the lease limit	Complied.		
10	Management of Bank Accounts			
10.1	Have prepared and certified the bank reconciliation statements on the due date and submitted them for audit	Complied.		

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment, if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
10.2	Have settled inactive bank accounts brought forward during or before the year under review	Complied.		
10.3	Have acted in accordance with the monetary regulations regarding the balances revealed and adjusted in the Bank reconciliation Statements and settled those balances within a period of one month.	Complied.		
11	Utilization of provisions			
11.1	Expenditure of the provisions provided without exceeding their limits	Complied.		
11.2	Receiving liabilities at the end of the year after utilization of the provision provided, not exceeding the provisioning limit, per F.R.94 (1)	Complied.		
12	Advance Accounts of Public Officers			
12.1	Compliance with the limits	Complied.		
12.2	Having done a time analysis of outstanding loan balances	Complied.		
12.3	Have settled the outstanding loan balance for more than one year	Not Complied.	Loan Balances are prevailing of the officers, who have been suspended and in vacation of post	Legal action has already commenced
13	Public Deposit Account			
13.1	Have acted regarding overdue deposits in accordance with F.R. 571	Complied.		
13.2	Updated and maintaining the control account for public deposits	Complied.		
14	Imprest account			
14.1	Have forwarded the balance of the cash book to the Treasury Operations Department at the end of the year under review	Complied		
14.2	Immediate Interim Agreement issued under F.R. 371, having been settled within one month of the	Complied.		

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment, if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
	completion of that work.			
14.3	Issuance of Active Interim Agreement not exceeding the approved limit as per F.R. 371	Complied.		
14.4	Imprest Account Balance have been Compared with Treasury Books monthly	Complied.		
15	Income Imprest			
15.1	Have made repayments from the collected income in accordance with the relevant regulations	Complied.		
15.2	Revenue collected has been credited directly to the income account without being credited to the deposit account	Complied.		
15.3	Submission of arrears of revenue reports to the Auditor General in accordance with F.R. 176	Complied.		
16	Human Resource Management			
16.1	Maintaining the staff within the approved staff limit	Complied.		
16.2	Should have provided duty lists in writing to all staff members	Complied.		
16.3	Submitting all reports to the Department of Management Services in terms of MSD Circular No. 04/2017 dated 20.09.2017	Complied.		
17	Providing information to the public			
17.1	Appointing an Information Officer in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act and Regulations and updating and maintaining an information document	Complied.		
17.2	Information about the organization is provided through its website and facilitates the public to post praises/allegations about the organization through the website or through alternative channels.	Complied.		
17.3	Submission of reports twice or once a year as per Sections 08 and 10 of the Right to Information Act	Complied.		

No.	Relevant Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied / non Complied)	The short comment, if non Complied	Precise decision-making measures that are proposed to prevent noncompliances in the future
18	Implementation of the Citizens' Charter			
18.1	Formulation and implementation of a Citizen / Client Charter as per the Ministry of Public Administration and Management Circulars No. 05/2008 and 05/2018 (1)	Complied.		
18.2	As per paragraph 2.3 of the said circular, the institutions have prepared a system to monitor and evaluate the activities of the Citizen / Client Charter and its implementation.	Complied.		
19	Compilation of Human Resource Plan			
19.1	Preparation of a human resource plan based on the form of Annexure 02 of Public Administration Circular No. 02/2018 dated 24.01.2018	Complied.		
19.2	A minimum of 12 hours of training per year for each member of the staff should be ensured in the above HR Plan.	Complied.		
19.3	Have signed annual performance agreements for the entire staff based on the format given in Annexure 01 of the above Circular	Irrelevant, as per the Public Administration Circular (1) No. 02/2018 dated 30. 11. 2023.		
19.4	Appointment of a Senior Officer with responsibilities for the preparation of Human Resource Development Plan, Development of Capacity Development Programs, Implementation of Skills Development Programs in accordance with paragraph 6.5 of the above Circular	Complied.		
20	Respond to audit paragraphs			
20.1	Have corrected the deficiencies pointed out in the audit paragraphs issued by the Auditor General for the previous years	Complied.		

Conclusion

With the gradual stabilization of the economic crisis faced in previous years, steps were taken in 2025 to remove the majority of import restrictions, in line with the government's economic reforms and trade facilitation policies.Simultaneously, driving the vision and mission of the Department forward with the objective of promoting sustainable development and global cooperation, and in compliance with digitalization-based state policies, services such as license fee payments as well as the post-import debiting process were fully implemented through the STRATLINK computer software system in the year 2025. Consequently, it was possible to upgrade the system to allow clients to handle the entire process online, from submitting applications to the issuance of licenses. This can be considered a remarkable achievement by the Department's staff, which also provided a significant opportunity for clients to experience a highly efficient service.

Guided by a clear vision and adhering to a proper mission, the staff of the Department worked with mutual cooperation to actively support the state machinery while promoting digital transformation and transparency, thereby providing an efficient, swift, and qualitative service to the public.

Furthermore, training programs, workshops, and awareness sessions were organized in the year 2025 to enhance the staff's knowledge and skills in digital technology utilization, data management, cyber security, and modern administrative methodologies. The Welfare Association provided direct contribution and leadership in executing these programs, which further strengthened the environment required for the staff to discharge their duties with enthusiasm and dedication.

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தேசிய கணக்காய்வு அலுவலகம்
NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE

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ශීර්ෂය 296 - ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳව 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 11(1) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව විගණකාධිපති සම්පිණ්ඩිත වාර්තාව.

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1. මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන

1.1 තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය

ශීර්ෂය 296 - ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට මූල්‍ය තත්ත්වය පිළිබඳ ප්‍රකාශය, එදිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය කාර්යසාධන ප්‍රකාශය හා මුදල් ප්‍රවාහ ප්‍රකාශනය සහ ප්‍රධාන ගිණුම්කරණ ප්‍රතිපත්තිවලට අදාළ තොරතුරු ද ඇතුළත් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවලට අදාළ සටහන් වලින් සමන්විත 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ විධිවිධාන සමඟ සංයෝජිතව කියවිය යුතු ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුක්‍රම ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ 154(1) ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ ඇතුළත් විධිවිධාන ප්‍රකාර මාගේ විධානය යටතේ විගණනය කරන ලදී. 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ (සංශෝධිත පරිදි) 11(1) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලබන මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳව මාගේ අදහස් දැක්වීම හා නිරීක්ෂණයන් මෙම වාර්තාවේ සඳහන් වේ. 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 11(2) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව ගණකාධිකාරී නිලධාරී වෙත වාර්ෂික විස්තරාත්මක කළමනාකරණ විගණන වාර්තාව යථා කාලයේදී නිකුත් කරනු ලැබේ. ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ආණ්ඩුක්‍රම ව්‍යවස්ථාවේ 154(6) ව්‍යවස්ථාව සමඟ සංයෝජිතව කියවිය යුතු 2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 10 වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව ඉදිරිපත් කළ යුතු විගණකාධිපති වාර්තාව යථා කාලයේදී පාර්ලිමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබේ.

මෙම වාර්තාවේ 1.6 ඡේදයේ දක්වා ඇති කරුණුවලින් වන බලපෑම් හැර ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනෙන් අවසන් වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවලින්, මූල්‍ය තත්ත්වය, මූල්‍ය කාර්යසාධනය හා මුදල් ප්‍රවාහ, මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන වලට අදාළ සටහන් 1හි සඳහන් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සකස් කිරීමේ පදනමට අනුකූලව සියලුම ප්‍රමාණාත්මක කාරණාවන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සාධාරණ තත්ත්වයක් පිළිබිඹු කරන බව මා දරන්නා වූ මතය වේ.

1.2 තත්ත්වාගණනය කළ මතය සඳහා පදනම

මෙම වාර්තාවේ 1.6 ඡේදයේ දක්වා ඇති කරුණු මත පදනම්ව මාගේ මතය තත්ත්වාගණනය කරනු ලැබේ. ශ්‍රී ලංකා විගණන ප්‍රමිතිවලට (ශ්‍රී.ලං.වි.ප්‍ර) අනුකූලව මා විගණනය සිදු කරන ලදී. මෙම විගණන ප්‍රමිති යටතේ වූ මාගේ වගකීම, මෙම වාර්තාවේ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන විගණනය සම්බන්ධයෙන් විගණකගේ වගකීම යන කොටසේ තවදුරටත් විස්තර කර ඇත. මාගේ මතය සඳහා පදනමක් සැපයීම උදෙසා මා විසින් ලබා ගෙන ඇති විගණන සාක්ෂි ප්‍රමාණවත් සහ උචිත බව මාගේ විශ්වාසයයි.

1.3 කරුණක් අවධාරණය කිරීම - මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සකස් කිරීමේ පදනම

මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සකස් කිරීමේ පදනම විස්තර කරන මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවලට අදාළ සටහන් 1 කෙරෙහි අවධානය යොමු කරමි. මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන රජයේ මුදල් රෙගුලාසි 150 හා 151 සහ 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 17 දිනැති රාජ්‍ය ගිණුම් මාර්ගෝපදේශ අංක 02/2025 අනුව ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ, මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරයේ සහ පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ අවශ්‍යතාවය සඳහා සකස් කර ඇත. එම නිසා, මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන වෙනත් අරමුණු සඳහා සුදුසු නොවිය හැක. මාගේ වාර්තාව ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ, මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරයේ සහ ශ්‍රී ලංකා පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ භාවිතය සඳහා පමණක් අදහස් කර ඇත.මෙම කරුණ සම්බන්ධයෙන් මාගේ මතය විකරණය කරනු නොලැබේ.

1.4 මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන සම්බන්ධයෙන් ප්‍රධාන ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරියගේ හා ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරියගේ වගකීම

රජයේ මුදල් රෙගුලාසි 150 හා 151 සහ 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 17 දිනැති රාජ්‍ය ගිණුම් මාර්ගෝපදේශ අංක 02/2025 ට අනුකූලව සියලුම ප්‍රමාණාත්මකභාවයන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සාධාරණ තත්ත්වයක් පිළිබිඹු කෙරෙන පරිදි මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීම හා වංචා සහ වැරදි හේතුවෙන් ඇති විය හැකි ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන්ගෙන් තොරව මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකි වනු පිණිස අවශ්‍යවන අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනය තීරණය කිරීම ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරියගේ වගකීම වේ.

2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 16(1) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් වාර්ෂික හා කාලීන මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළියෙල කිරීමට හැකිවන පරිදි ස්වකීය ආදායම්, වියදම්, වත්කම් හා බැරකම් පිළිබඳ නිසි පරිදි පොත්පත් හා වාර්තා පවත්වා ගෙන යා යුතුය.

ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 38(1)(ඇ) උප වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ මූල්‍ය පාලනය සඳහා ඵලදායී අභ්‍යන්තර පාලන පද්ධතියක් සකස් කර පවත්වා ගෙන යනු ලබන බවට ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී සහතික විය යුතු අතර එම පද්ධතියේ ඵලදායීත්වය පිළිබඳව කලින්

කල සමාලෝචනයන් සිදු කර ඒ අනුව සද්භාවය ඵලදායී ලෙස කරගෙන යාමට අවශ්‍ය වෙනස්කම් සිදු කරනු ලැබිය යුතුය.

1.5 මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන විගණනය පිළිබඳ විගණකගේ වගකීම

සමස්තයක් ලෙස මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන, වංචා හා වැරදි හේතුවෙන් ඇතිවන ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශයන්ගෙන් තොර බවට සාධාරණ තහවුරුවක් ලබාදීම සහ මාගේ මතය ඇතුළත් විගණන වාර්තාව නිකුත් කිරීම මාගේ අරමුණ වේ. සාධාරණ සහතිකවීම උසස් මට්ටමේ සහතිකවීමක් වන නමුත්, ශ්‍රී ලංකා විගණන ප්‍රමිති ප්‍රකාරව විගණනය සිදු කිරීමේදී එය සැම විටම ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශයන් අනාවරණය කර ගන්නා බවට වන තහවුරු කිරීමක් නොවනු ඇත. වංචා සහ වැරදි තනි හෝ සාමූහික ලෙස බලපෑම් නිසා ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනයන් ඇති විය හැකි අතර, එම ප්‍රමාණාත්මකභාවය මෙම මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පදනම් කර ගනිමින් පරිශීලකයන් විසින් ගනු ලබන ආර්ථික තීරණ කෙරෙහි වන බලපෑම මත රඳා පවතී.

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විගණන ප්‍රමිති ප්‍රකාරව විගණනයේ කොටසක් ලෙස මා විසින් විගණනයේදී වෘත්තීය විනිශ්චය සහ වෘත්තීය සැකමුසුබවින් යුතුව ක්‍රියා කරන ලදී. මා විසින් තවදුරටත්,

- ප්‍රකාශ කරන ලද විගණන මතයට පදනමක් සපයා ගැනීමේදී වංචා හෝ වැරදි හේතුවෙන් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ඇති විය හැකි ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශයන් ඇතිවීමේ අවදානම හඳුනාගැනීම හා තක්සේරු කිරීම සහ ඊට අදාළ විගණන සාක්ෂි ලබා ගැනීමට අවස්ථාවෝචිතව උචිත විගණන පරිපාටි සැලසුම් කර ක්‍රියාත්මක කරන ලදී. වැරදීම් දැක්වීම හේතුවෙන් සිදුවන ප්‍රමාණාත්මක සාවද්‍ය ප්‍රකාශයන්ගෙන් සිදුවන බලපෑමට වඩා වංචාවකින් සිදුවන්නා වූ බලපෑම ප්‍රබල වන්නේ එවා දුස්සන්ධානයෙන්, ව්‍යාජ ලේඛන සැකසීමෙන්, චේතනාන්විත මගහැරීමෙන්, වැරදීම් දැක්වීමෙන් හෝ අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනයන් මග හැරීමෙන් වැනි හේතු නිසා වන බැවිනි.
- අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනයේ සඵලදායීත්වය පිළිබඳව මතයක් ප්‍රකාශ කිරීමේ අදහසින් නොවුවද, අවස්ථාවෝචිතව උචිත විගණන පරිපාටි සැලසුම් කිරීම පිණිස අභ්‍යන්තර පාලනය පිළිබඳව අවබෝධයක් ලබා ගන්නා ලදී.
- හෙළිදරව් කිරීම් ඇතුළත් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ව්‍යුහය සහ අන්තර්ගතය සඳහා පාදක වූ ගනුදෙනු හා සිද්ධීන් උචිත හා සාධාරණ අයුරින් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ඇතුළත් බව අගයන ලදී.
- මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල ව්‍යුහය හා අන්තර්ගතය සඳහා පාදක වූ ගනුදෙනු හා සිද්ධීන් උචිත හා සාධාරණව ඇතුළත් වී ඇති බව සහ හෙළිදරව් කිරීම් ඇතුළත් මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශනවල සමස්ථ ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම අගයන ලදී.

මාගේ විගණනය තුළදී හඳුනාගත් වැදගත් විගණන සොයාගැනීම්, ප්‍රධාන අභ්‍යන්තර පාලන දුර්වලතා හා අනෙකුත් කරුණු පිළිබඳව ගණන්දීමේ නිලධාරී දැනුවත් කරමි.

1.6 මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳ අදහස් දැක්වීම

1.6.1 ආදායම් නොවන ලැබීම් හා ප්‍රාග්ධන වියදම්

සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී ශ්‍රී ලංකා දුම්රිය දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව හා රජයේ මුද්‍රණ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙනුවෙන් දරන ලද එකතු වටිනාකම රු.647,701ක වියදම් මුදල් ප්‍රවාහ ප්‍රකාශයේ මෙහෙයුම් ක්‍රියාකාරකම්වලින් ජනිත වූ මුදල් ප්‍රවාහයන් යටතේ ආදායම් නොවන ලැබීමක් ලෙස හා මෙහෙයුම් ක්‍රියාකාරකම් යටතේ පුද්ගල පඩිනඩි හා මෙහෙයුම් වියදම් සඳහා දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුග්‍රහ මගින් දරන ලද වියදමක් ලෙස දක්වා තිබුණි.

1.6.2 මූලධන වියදම්

විද්‍යුත් බලපත්‍ර නිකුත් කිරීමේ ව්‍යාපෘතිය සඳහා එක්සත් ජනපද තානාපති කාර්යාලය මගින් ක්‍රියාත්මක කරන **EXBS (Export Control and Border Security)** ව්‍යාපෘතිය යටතේ ප්‍රදානයක් ලෙස ලබා දී තිබූ එකතු වටිනාකම රු.102,951,541ක මෘදුකාංග හා පරිගණකවල වටිනාකම මුදල් ප්‍රවාහ ප්‍රකාශයේ මූල්‍ය ක්‍රියාකාරකම්වලින් ජනිත වූ මුදල් ප්‍රවාහය යටතේ ප්‍රදානයන් ලැබීම ලෙසද, ආයෝජන ක්‍රියාකාරකම්වලින් ජනිත වූ මුදල් ප්‍රවාහයන් යටතේ ආයෝජන අත්පත් කර ගැනීමේ වියදමක් ලෙසද දක්වා තිබුණි.

1.6.3 මූල්‍ය නොවන වත්කම්

සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය තුළ ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් රාජ්‍ය ආයතන 09කට ප්‍රදානයන් ලෙස ලබා දී තිබූ පිරිවැය රු.13,313,500ක් වූ පරිගණක 47ක වටිනාකම හා සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය තුළ විශ්‍රාමික වී ගිය සේවකයන් දෙදෙනෙකු විසින් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ විධිමත් අවසරයක් මත රැගෙන ගොස් තිබූ පිරිවැය රු.484,000ක් වූ ලැප්ටොප් පරිගණක දෙකෙහි වටිනාකම ස්ථාවර වත්කම් ලේඛනයෙන් ඉවත් කිරීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබීම නිසා සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය සඳහා ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබූ මූල්‍ය තත්ත්වය පිළිබඳ ප්‍රකාශයේ දේපළ, පිරියත හා උපකරණ සහ දේපළ, පිරියත හා උපකරණ සංචිත වටිනාකම රු.13,797,500කින් වැඩියෙන් දක්වා තිබුණි.

2. වෙනත් නෛතික අවශ්‍යතා පිළිබඳ වාර්තාව

2018 අංක 19 දරන ජාතික විගණන පනතේ 6(1)(ඈ) වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව පහත සඳහන් කරුණු මා ප්‍රකාශ කරමි.

(අ) මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන ඉකුත් වර්ෂය සමඟ අනුරූප වන බවට,

(ආ) ඉකුත් වර්ෂයට අදාළ මූල්‍ය ප්‍රකාශන පිළිබඳව මා විසින් කර තිබුණු නිර්දේශ ක්‍රියාත්මක කර තිබුණි.

3. මූල්‍ය සමාලෝචනය

3.1 ආදායම් කළමනාකරණය

ආදායම් සංකේත අංක 1001-03-00- බලපත්‍ර ආදායම සඳහා මුලික ඇස්තමේන්තුව රු.3,800,000,000ක් වූ අතර පසුව එය රු.3,315,000,000ක් දක්වා සියයට 13කින් පමණ අඩුකර තිබුණි. එහෙත් සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී රු.4,154,003,841ක බලපත්‍ර ආදායමක් උපයා තිබීම හේතුවෙන් නිවැරදි පුරෝකථනයකට අනුකූලව ආදායම් ඇස්තමේන්තු සකස් කර නොමැති බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

3.2 වියදම් කළමනාකරණය

3.2.1 පුනරාවර්තන වියදම්

පහත සඳහන් නිරීක්ෂණයන් සිදුකරනු ලැබේ.

(අ) සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදී පුනරාවර්තන වැය විෂයයන් 19ක ශුද්ධ ප්‍රතිපාදනයෙන් සියයට 06 සිට සියයට 94ක් දක්වා වූ පරාසයක ප්‍රතිපාදන ඉතිරි වී තිබුණි.

(ආ) ඉකුත් වර්ෂයේදී මෙන්ම සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේදීද මුලික ඇස්තමේන්තුවෙන් සියයට 50ක හා සියයට 40ක් මු.රෙ. 66/69 යටතේ වෙනත් වැය විෂයයන්ට ප්‍රතිපාදන මාරු කිරීමෙන් පසුව ද ද්‍රව්‍ය හා කාර්යාලීය අවශ්‍යතා (1201) හා විදේශ ගමන් වියදම් (1102) සඳහා වෙන් කරන ලද පිළිවෙලින් රු.4,000,000ක හා රු.1,500,000ක ප්‍රතිපාදනයෙන් සියයට 31ක් සියයට 71ක් ඉතිරි වී තිබුණි. තවද, 2025 වසර සඳහා අයවැය සැලසීම් මැයෙන් භාණ්ඩාගාර ලේකම්වරයා නිකුත් කර තිබූ අංක 02/2024 හා 2024 අගෝස්තු 12 දිනැති ජාතික අයවැය චක්‍රලේඛයේ 3(II)(ආ) ඡේදය මගින් විදේශ පුහුණු වීම සඳහා ප්‍රතිපාදන ඇතුලත් නොකරන ලෙස දැනුම්දී තිබියදීත් ඒ පිළිබඳව අවධානය යොමු නොකර විදේශ ගමන් වියදම් ඇස්තමේන්තු සකස් කිරීමට කටයුතු කර තිබුණි.

(ඇ) වැය විෂය 1402 - පැලැන්ට් හා යන්ත්‍රෝපකරණ නඩත්තුව සඳහා වෙන් කරන ලද රු.13,040,000 ක ප්‍රතිපාදන වලින් මු.රෙ. 66/69 මාරු කිරීම යටතේ රු.5,000,000 ක ප්‍රතිපාදන මාරු කිරීමෙන් පසුවද සියයට 49 ක් ඉතිරි වී තිබුණු අතර ඒ සඳහා හේතු වශයෙන් දක්වා ඇත්තේ අපේක්ෂිත ප්‍රමාණයට ගැසට් පත්‍ර මුද්‍රණය නොවීම දක්වා තිබුණි. කෙසේ වුවත්, 2025 වර්ෂයේදී නිකුත් කිරීමට සැලසුම්කර තිබූ ගැසට් පත්‍ර, ඒවායේ වැදගත්කම හා ඒවා නිකුත් නොකිරීමට හේතු වූ කරුණු විගණනයේදී අනාවරණය කර ගත නොහැකි විය.

3.2.2 මූලධන වියදම්

සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ මූලධන වැය විෂයයන් **02** ක ශුද්ධ ප්‍රතිපාදනයෙන් සියයට 29 සිට සියයට **49** ක් දක්වා වූ පරාසයක ප්‍රතිපාදන ඉතිරි වී තිබුණි.

3.3 අත්තිකාරම් ගිණුම

සේවය හැර ගිය නිලධාරීන්ගෙන් අයවිය යුතු වර්ෂ 1 සිට 3 දක්වා පැරණි රු.168,977ක ණය ශේෂය ද, වැඩ තහනම් කළ නිලධාරීන්ගෙන් අය විය යුතු වර්ෂ 5ට වඩා පැරණි රු.335,753ක ණය ශේෂය ද හා වර්ෂ 1සිට 3දක්වා පැරණි රු.238,000ක ණය ශේෂය ද ලෙස එකතු වටිනාකම රු.742,730ක හිඟ ණය ශේෂයන් ආයතන සංග්‍රහයේ XXIV පරිච්ඡේදයේ 4.5 හා 4.6 වගන්ති ප්‍රකාරව කඩිනමින් අයකර ගැනීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.

3.4 නීති, රීති හා රෙගුලාසිවලට අනුකූල නොවීම

	නීති, රීති හා රෙගුලාසි වලට යොමුව	අනුකූල නොවීම
(අ)	ශ්‍රී ලංකා ප්‍රජාතාන්ත්‍රික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ මුදල් රෙගුලාසි සංග්‍රහය	
(i)	මු.රෙ 371 සහ 2020 අගෝස්තු 28 දිනැති රාජ්‍ය මුදල් චක්‍රලේඛ අංක 01/2020	තත්කාර්යය අතුරු අග්‍රිම අදාළ විශේෂිත කාර්යයට ආසන්නතම දිනයකදී නිලධාරියා වෙත ලබාදිය යුතු අතර නිලධාරියා විසින් එම කාර්යය නිමකළ විගසම අග්‍රිමය පියවිය යුතු වුවද, සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ අවස්ථාවන් 05ක දී ලබා ගෙන තිබූ රු.11,400 සිට රු.25,400 දක්වා පරාසයක වූ අත්තිකාරම් මුදල් පියවීම සඳහා දින 11 සිට දින 27ක කාලපරාසයක් ගතවී තිබුණි.
(ii)	මු.රෙ 880	රජයේ නිලධාරීන්ගේ ඇප ආඥා පනතට අනුකූලව ඇප තැබිය යුතු නිලධාරීන් 03 දෙනෙකු විසින් 2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දින වනවිට නියමිත පරිදි ඇප තැබීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.
(iii)	මු.රෙ.1645(අ)	සෑම වාහනයක් සඳහාම පොදු ආකෘති 267 ප්‍රකාරව ලොග් පොතක් යාවත්කාලීනව පවත්වා ගත යුතු වුවත් එසේ කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.
(ආ)	රජයේ වාහන නඩත්තු කිරීම මැයෙන් නිකුත් කළ අංක 30/2016 හා 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 29 දිනැති රාජ්‍ය පරිපාලන චක්‍රලේඛයේ 3.1 වගන්තිය	චක්‍රලේඛය ප්‍රකාරව වාහනවල ඉන්ධන පරිභෝජනය පිළිබඳව නැවත ඉන්ධන පරීක්ෂාවට පසු මාස 12ක කාලසීමාවකින් පසුව හෝ කිලෝමීටර් 25,000ක ධාවනයකින් පසුව හෝ එන්ජිමට සම්බන්ධ ප්‍රධාන අලුත්වැඩියාවකින් පසුව හෝ යන කාරණා අතරින් මුලින්ම යෙදෙන අවස්ථාවේ පසුව නැවත ඉන්ධන පරීක්ෂණයක් කළ යුතු බව දක්වා තිබුණද, ආයතනය හා අනුබද්ධ පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සතු වාහන 4ක් සම්බන්ධයෙන් නිසි අවස්ථාවන්හි ඉන්ධන පරිභෝජන සම්බන්ධයෙන් පරීක්ෂාවක් සිදුකර නොතිබුණි.

4. මෙහෙයුම් සමාලෝචනය

4.1 කාර්යසාධනය

4.1.1 දැක්ම හා මෙහෙවර

1969 ජනවාරි 16 දිනැති අංක 01 දරන අපනයන හා ආනයන (පාලන) පනතින් පිහිටුවන ලද දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අරමුණ, දැක්ම හා මෙහෙවර අනුව ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ ආර්ථිකයට අහිතකර ලෙස බලපාන ආනයනයන් හා අපනයනයන් පාලනය කිරීමට අවශ්‍ය කටයුතු සිදු කළ යුතු වුවත් එක් එක් විෂයයන්ට අදාළව රජයේ ආයතන විසින් නිකුත් කරනු ලබන නිර්දේශ මත පදනම්ව පමණක් ආනයන බලපත්‍ර නිකුත් කිරීමට කටයුතු කර තිබුණි. තවද, දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව පිහිටුවීමේ මූලික අරමුණු ඉටුවන ආකාරයට කටයුතු කිරීම සඳහා පිළිගත් විද්‍යාත්මක ක්‍රමවේදයක් හෝ ක්‍රියාපටිපාටියක් සකස් කර නොතිබුණු අතර බලපත්‍ර ගාස්තු අයකිරීම ප්‍රධාන කාර්යය ලෙස සලකා කටයුතු කරමින් රටේ සමස්ත ආර්ථිකයට හිතකර ප්‍රවර්ධනයන් සිදු කර ප්‍රමාණ පාලනයක් (Quantity Control) පමණක් වන බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

4.1.2 කාර්යභාරයන් ඉටු නොකිරීම

ආනයන පාලනයට අදාළ බලපත්‍ර ඇතුළත් ගැසට් නිවේදන ප්‍රකාශයට පත් කිරීම සහ එම බලපත්‍ර වලට යටත්ව මෙරට ආර්ථිකයේ පැවැත්ම උදෙසා බලපත්‍ර නිකුත් කිරීම ද, දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ දැක්ම සහ කාර්යභාරයන් වශයෙන්, 2025 වර්ෂය සඳහා සම්පාදනය කළ කාර්යසාධන වාර්තාවේ දක්වා තිබුණද, දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ආනයන පාලනයට අදාළ කාර්යයන්හි පමණක් නියැලී තිබුණු අතර අපනයනයන්ට අදාළ කිසිදු බලපත්‍රයක් නිකුත් කළ බවට විගණනයට නිරීක්ෂණය නොවුණි.

4.2 කළමනාකරණ දුර්වලතා

(අ) ශ්‍රී ලංකාවට ආනයනය කරනු ලබන භාණ්ඩ සඳහා විදේශ සැපයුම්කරුවන්ට මුදල් ගෙවීම කිරීමේදී භාවිත කළ හැකි ගෙවීම් ක්‍රම, ඊට අදාළ නියමයන් හා කොන්දේසිවලට අදාළ විධිවිධාන ප්‍රකාශයට පත් කරමින් 1969 අංක 01 දරන ආනයන හා අපනයන (පාලන) පනතේ 20 වන වගන්තිය ප්‍රකාරව අමාත්‍යවරයා විසින් නිකුත් කර තිබූ අංක 1739/3 හා 2012 ජනවාරි 02 දිනැති අති විශේෂ ගැසට් පත්‍රයේ විධිවිධාන ප්‍රකාරව පෙර ගෙවීම් (Cash in Advance) ක්‍රමය භාවිත කර මුදල් ගෙවීමක කර දින 180 ක් ඉක්මවීමට පෙර අදාළ භාණ්ඩ ශ්‍රී ලංකාවට ආනයනය කළ යුතු වුවද, නියැදි විගණන පරීක්ෂණයේදී 2023 ජනවාරි මස අගෝස්තු 8වනදී ආනයනකරුවන් 59 ක් එ.ජ.ඩො.40,000-50,000 අතර පරිමාණයකින් යුත් එකතු පරිමාණය එ.ජ.ඩො.3,679,985ක් එනම් රු.මිලියන 1,333.70කට (එ.ජ.ඩො 01= රු 362.42) ආසන්න මුදලක් ද, තවත් ආනයනකරුවන් 10 දෙනෙකු විසින් 2023 ජූනි සිට 2025 පෙබරවාරි දක්වා

කාලය තුළ අවස්ථා 191 දී එකතු වටිනාකම එ.ජ.ඩො.8,958,890ක එනම් රු. මිලියන 2,718 කට ආසන්න මුදලක් විවිධ වෙළෙඳපොළවලින් සෘජුව ආනයනය කිරීමට යෝජිත බව සඳහන් නාමාවලි ඉන්වොයිසි අනුව විවිධ රටවල අපනයනකරුවන් වෙත ගෙවීම් කර තිබූ නමුත් එම ගෙවීම්වලට අදාළ කිසිදු භාණ්ඩයක් 2025 ජූලි 07 දින වන විටත් ආනයනය කර නොතිබුණු බව රේගු පරිගණක පද්ධතිය පරීක්ෂා කිරීමේ දී නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් පහත නිරීක්ෂණයන් සිදු කෙරේ.

(i) ගැසට් නිවේදනයේ 6(1)(ආ) ඡේදය අනුව විදේශ ගෙවීම්වල වටිනාකම එ.ජ.ඩො. 50,000 ඉක්මවන අවස්ථාවලදී එම වටිනාකමට සරිලන බැංකු ඇපකරයක්/සම්මත ණයවර ලිපියක් ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමට හෝ අදාළ නියමයන් සම්පූර්ණ කිරීම මඟින් ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුමැතිය ලබා ගත යුතු වේ. එසේ වුවද, ආනයනකරුවන් අට දෙනෙකු විසින් තම ගෙවීම්වල වටිනාකම එ.ජ.ඩො. 50,000ක අගය ඉක්මවීම වැළැක්වීම පිණිස එකම දිනයක දී එකම අපනයනකරුවෙකු වෙත එ.ජ.ඩො. 50,000කට අඩු ගෙවීම් අවස්ථා කිහිපයක් භාවිතා කරමින් එ.ජ.ඩො.82,066 සිට එ.ජ.ඩො.172,800 දක්වා මුදලක් ගෙවීම් කර තිබූ නමුත් උක්ත ගැසට් නිවේදනයට අනුකූල ලෙස එවැනි මුදල් ගෙවීම් ආනයන අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අධීක්ෂණයට ලක් වී නොතිබුණි. තවද, ගැසට් නිවේදනයේ 18 වගන්තිය යටතේ විනිමය පාලක සහ ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලක විසින් වෙළඳ අධිකාරී පොරොත්තුවක් සහ වාණිජ බැංකුවලින් විමසා, ගැසට් පත්‍රයේ 3 සිට 17 දක්වා වන නියමයන් ප්‍රකාරව කටයුතු ලබන ලෙසට අධීක්ෂණය කිරීම සඳහා වූ කාර්යපටිපාටීන් අනුගමනය කර, ගෙවීම් කිරීම අනුව නියමිත කාලය තුළ භාණ්ඩ ආනයනය කර නොමැති අවස්ථා සම්බන්ධයෙන් නීතියේ නියමකර ඇති පියවර ගනු ලැබිය යුතු බව දක්වා තිබුණි.

(ii) ගැසට් නිවේදනයේ 6(1)(ආ) ඡේදය අනුව විදේශ ගෙවීම්වල වටිනාකම එ.ජ.ඩො. 50,000 ඉක්මවන අවස්ථා පමණක් ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුමැතිය ලබා ගැනීමේ නියාමනයට යටත් කර ඇති අතර එ.ජ.ඩො. 50,000 ට අඩු ගෙවීම්යන් සිදු කිරීමේදී අදාළ පහසුව හා ගෙවීමේ වටිනාකමට සරිලන තාවකාලික ඉන්වොයිසියක් බැංකු වෙත ඉදිරිපත්කර ගෙවීම්යන් සිදු කළ හැකි බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය. එසේ වුවද, එලෙස සිදු කරන ගෙවීම්යන් සඳහා භාණ්ඩ ආනයනය නොකරන බව හා උක්ත ප්‍රතිපාදනය අපයෝජනය කර නීති විරෝධී ගෙවීම්යන් සිදු නොවන බව තහවුරු කිරීමට ගැසට් නිවේදනයේ ඇතුළත් පාලන ක්‍රමවේදයන්හි ක්‍රියාකාරීත්වය පිළිබඳව ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඇගයීමක් සිදුකර නොතිබුණි.

(iii) ගැසට් නිවේදනයේ 6(1)(ආ)(ii) ඡේදය ප්‍රකාරව ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලකවරයාගේ අනුමැතිය මත සිදුකල එ.ජ.ඩො. 50,000 ට වැඩි ප්‍රේෂණයන්, විදේශ ප්‍රේෂණයන් සිදු කරන ආනයනකරුවන්ගේ යෝග්‍යතාවය පරීක්ෂා කර වාණිජ බැංකු වෙත නිකුත් කර තිබූ යෝග්‍යතා සහතික ලිපි හා අදාල ප්‍රේෂණය සිදු කර ඊට අදාල තොරතුරු ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙත යොමු කල ලිපි සම්බන්ධ තොරතුරු ඇතුලත් දත්ත පද්ධතියක් පවත්වාගෙන නොයෑම නොතිබීම හේතුවෙන් සලකා බලන කාලපරිච්ඡේදය තුල ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලකවරයාගේ අනුමැතිය මත සිදුකල ප්‍රේෂණයන් සංඛ්‍යාව හා ඊට අදාල ආනයනයන් සිදුවී ඇත්ද යන්න සම්බන්ධයෙන් ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අධීක්ෂණයට ලක් වී නොතිබුණි.

(iv) ගැසට් නිවේදනය නිකුත් කර වසර 14කට අධික කාලයක් ගත වී තිබුණද සෑම ආනයනයක් සඳහා පමණක් ප්‍රේෂණයන් සිදුවන බව තහවුරුකිරීම පිණිස ගැසට් නිවේදනයේ ඇතුලත්කර ඇති නියාමනයන් හා පූර්ව කොන්දේසි නිවැරදිව ක්‍රියාත්මකවන බව තහවුරු කිරීමට නිරන්තර අධීක්ෂණයක් හෝ පසුවිපරම් කිරීමට මෙම ගැසට් නිවේදනය බලාත්මක කිරීමට අධිකාරී බලය ලත් ආයතන ව්‍යුහයක් වන ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව අසමත්වී ඇති බව නිරීක්ෂණය වන අතර ඒ හේතුවෙන් ඌන තක්සේරුකර සිදුකර ඇති පරිදි ආනයනයන්ට අදාල මිල මුදල් ප්‍රේෂණය කිරීම හා නීත්‍යානුකූල නොවන ආකාරයෙන් උපයා ගත් මුදල් විදේශ රටවල් වෙත ප්‍රේෂණය කිරීම වැනි දෑ සඳහා මෙම ප්‍රේෂණ ක්‍රමය භාවිතා කිරීමේ අවදානමක් පවතින බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

(ආ) පොහොර සඳහා ආනයන පාලන බලපත්‍ර නිකුත්කිරීම හා අලුත් කිරීම මැයෙන් ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලක ජනරාල් විසින් නිකුත්කර ඇති අංක 02/2021 හා 2021 මාර්තු 10 දිනැති මෙහෙයුම් චක්‍රලේඛයේ 6(b) වගන්තියේ සඳහන් විධිවිධානයන්ට පටහැනිව ආනයනික පොහොරවල විශ්ලේෂණ වාර්තාවල මුල් පිටපත හෝ මුල් පිටපත සහතික කරන ලද පිටපත් සහතික කල පිටපතක් ඉදිරිපත් කිරීමකින් තොරව, සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂයේ දී ආයතන 07ක් විසින් අවස්ථා 16 කදී ආනයනය කල පොහොර වර්ග 16ක් නිදහස් කිරීමට ආනයන හා අපනයන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව කටයුතු කර තිබුණි. 2026 ජනවාරි 27 දින වන විටත් එම පොහොර නිදහස් කර දින 42 සිට දින 305ක කාලයක් ගත වී තිබුණද ආනයනකරුවන් එකඟ වූ පරිදි පොහොර විශ්ලේෂණ වාර්තාවල මුල් පිටපත් හෝ සහතික කල පිටපත් ලබාදීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණු අතර එකී ආනයනකරුවන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් ආනයන හා අපනයන පාලන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් කිසිදු ක්‍රියාමාර්ගයක් ද ගෙන නොතිබුණු බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

(ඇ) රාජ්‍ය ආයතනවල තොරතුරු හා සයිබර් ආරක්ෂණ ප්‍රතිපත්ති ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම මැයෙන් තාක්ෂණ අමාත්‍යාංශයේ ලේකම්වරයා නිකුත් කර තිබූ අංක MOT/2023/01 හා 2023 මැයි 02 දිනැති චක්‍රලේඛය ප්‍රකාරව සියලුම රජයේ ආයතන, තොරතුරු හා සයිබර් ආරක්ෂණ ප්‍රතිපත්තියක් සකස් කර ක්‍රියාත්මක කල යුතු බව දක්වා තිබුණද, ආනයන හා අපනයන

සැලසුම් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව එම විශ්ලේෂණ ප්‍රකාරව තොරතුරු හා සයිබර් ආරක්ෂණ ප්‍රතිපත්තියක් සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය අවසන් වන විටත් සකස් කර නොතිබුණි.තවද, ශ්‍රී ලංකා සර්ට් ආයතනය විසින් හඳුන්වා දී ඇති තොරතුරු හා සයිබර් ආරක්ෂණ ප්‍රතිපත්තියට අනුකූලව ජාතික හා ප්‍රාදේශීය සැලසුම් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් අවදානම් කළමනාකරණ සැලසුමක් සකස් කිරීම, ආපදා ප්‍රතිසාධන සැලැස්මක් සකස් කිරීම, දත්ත පද්ධතිවල ආරක්ෂාව සඳහා ප්‍රවේශ ආරක්ෂණ ප්‍රතිපත්තියක් සකස් කිරීම යනාදී කාර්යයන් කිසිවක් ඉටුකොට නොතිබුණි.

5 මානව සම්පත් කළමනාකරණය

5.1 අනුමත කාර්ය මණ්ඩලය හා සත්‍ය කාර්ය මණ්ඩලය

2025 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට අනුමත, සත්‍ය සහ පුරප්පාඩු කාර්යය මණ්ඩලය පිළිබඳ විස්තර පහත දැක්වේ.

සේවක මට්ටම	අනුමත සංඛ්‍යාව	සත්‍ය සංඛ්‍යාව	පුරප්පාඩු සංඛ්‍යාව
ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ මට්ටම	14	12	2
තෘතීයික මට්ටම	4	3	1
ද්විතීයික මට්ටම	84	74	10
ප්‍රාථමික මට්ටම	20	15	5
එකතුව	**122**	**104**	**18**

2025 ජනවාරි 01 දින සිට සංයුක්ත ප්‍රතිපත්ති යටතේ ආයතන බලපත්‍ර නිකුත් කිරීම සඳහා පරිගණක පද්ධතියක් හඳුන්වා දී ක්‍රියාත්මක කර තිබුණද, ඊට අදාළ සත්‍ය සේවක අවශ්‍යතාවය පිළිබඳ නැවත සමාලෝචනයක් සිදුකර කාර්යය මණ්ඩල සංශෝධනයක් කිරීමට සමාලෝචිත වර්ෂය අවසානය වන විටත් කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.

එස්. රත්නාවීර
නියෝජ්‍ය විගණකාධිපති
විගණකාධිපති වෙනුවට,